PROCEDURES FOR ENTRY, RESIDENCY AND ENROLMENT AT HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS FOR STUDENTS REQUIRING VISAS FOR HIGHER EDUCATION COURSES IN ITALY, FOR THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2020-2021
PART I – GENERAL PREMISES

1. General caveats
   1.1 Jurisdiction for the issuance of a visa for study purposes
   1.2 Jurisdiction for academic recognition of qualifications and for the eligibility for enrolment
   1.3 Jurisdiction for the release and renewal of the residency permit

2. Scope of application

3. Procedures for citizens not requiring visas holding a foreign qualification

4. Pre-enrolment requests and preliminary evaluation of candidates
   4.1 University pre-enrolment
   4.2 Preliminary evaluation

PART II – ENROLMENT IN LAUREA DEGREE AND LAUREA MAGISTRALE DEGREE COURSES

1. Premise

2. Pre-enrolment request for laurea degree or laurea magistrale a ciclo unico (single-cycle) degree courses
   2.1 Documents to be presented to diplomatic-consular Missions
   2.2 Documents normally requested by higher education institutions

3. Pre-enrolment request for laurea magistrale degree courses (not single cycle)
   3.1 Documents to be presented to diplomatic-consular Missions
   3.2 Documents normally requested by higher education institutions

PART III – PROFICIENCY IN THE ITALIAN LANGUAGE

1. Test of proficiency in the Italian language
   1.1 Exemption from the language proficiency test
   1.2 Exemption from the language test and quotas

PART IV – INCOMING VISA FOR STUDY PURPOSES, RESIDENCY PERMIT & SUBSEQUENT MEASURES

1. Incoming visa for sitting entry tests
2. Requirements to receive a study visa
3. Measures to take upon arrival in Italy
4. Renewal of residency permit

PART V – COURSES WITH ADMISSION QUOTAS

1. Entry tests
2. Places left available in the case of individual quotas

PART VI - ENROLMENT

1. General information
2. Qualifications held by holders of international protection

PART VII – ENROLMENT IN OTHER STUDY COURSES

1. General information
2. Dottorato di ricerca and master universitari courses
3. Single courses and internships
4. Italian language and culture courses
5. Foundation courses
6. Higher Technical Institutes (ITS)
7. Other Higher Education Institutions accredited for the award of qualifications

PART VIII – COURSES AT HIGHER EDUCATION FOR ART, MUSIC AND DANCE INSTITUTIONS (AFAM)

1. General instructions
2. Specific directions
INTRODUCTION WITH RESPECT TO THE 2020/2021 ACADEMIC YEAR

These procedures are subject to the current and future emergency provisions of the Italian Government and of the European Union regarding the prevention and containment of the COVID-19 virus epidemic.

In consideration of the provisions sent to higher education institutions by the Minister for Universities and Research and relating to the start of the academic year 2020/21, it is noted that in the face of the persistence of the COVID-19 emergency situation, the physical mobility of international students in Italy can be replaced if necessary, at least until the end of 2020, with distance learning activities.

This does not mean that these international students, if they require an entry visa for Italy, should not in any case promptly arrange for a visa application for study purposes at the diplomatic-consular missions of reference for their respective places of residence, in order to use this visa as soon as conditions permit. The procedures for issuing these visas must be concluded, unless otherwise indicated in the future, by 30 November 2020, in order to allow the effective enrolment of international students and the subsequent payment of university fees.

In order to start the procedure to obtain the visa, candidates of study courses at Italian universities need to submit their pre-enrolment applications using the UNIVERSITALY portal, according to the indications already communicated to all Italian universities; all higher education institutions are therefore invited not to interrupt their international student recruitment procedures and the related evaluation of the suitability of the foreign qualifications they possess.

With regard to the evaluation of foreign school qualifications suitable for access to first cycle courses in Italy (senior secondary school diplomas), it is noted that, due to the COVID-19 emergency, many foreign countries have adopted exceptional measures in order to guarantee the completion of the school cycles and the award of the relative final qualifications. The Italian higher education institutions are therefore invited to apply the criteria established by the Lisbon Convention for the aforementioned cases, that is the recognition of the same academic rights that a given final school qualification officially confers in the foreign system of reference, unless proven substantial differences exist, including reference to the duration of the overall pre-university schooling required in Italy, which is confirmed to be twelve years.
1. GENERAL CAVEATS

These annual 2020/2021 procedures, whose purpose is to guide the policies of Italian higher education institutions regarding the admission of international students to their courses, are drawn up on the basis of the results of the annual Services Conference held by the Ministry for Universities and Research, together with the Ministry of Education, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation and the Ministry of the Interior, held in Rome on 12th December 2019, and via teleconferencing on 5th May 2020.

1.1 Jurisdiction for the issue of visas for study purposes
The decision on the issue of a visa for study purposes is the exclusive jurisdiction of the diplomatic/consular Mission. Documentation produced by higher education institutions referring to the single candidates for courses in the process of requesting visas is to be considered a support for the evaluation procedures of the diplomatic Missions and does not automatically imply the issue of the visa.

1.2 Jurisdiction for academic recognition of qualifications and for the eligibility for enrolment
The evaluation of foreign qualifications presented for enrolment to Italian higher education courses of study is the exclusive jurisdiction of higher education institutions, as established by Art. 2 of Law 148/2002. The documentation produced by Italian diplomatic Missions does not affect the autonomous evaluation decisions of the individual higher education institutions regarding foreign qualifications for admission to courses.¹

1.3 Jurisdiction for the release and renewal of the residency permit
The administrative procedure in place for the release and renewal of residency permits is the jurisdiction of the Ministry of the Interior and is regulated by the Consolidated Law of the dispositions concerning immigration regulations and norms on the treatment of foreigners (Legislative Decree n. 286 of 25 July, 1998), by the relative Rules of implementation (Republic Presidential Decree n. 394 of 31 August, 1999) and Law n. 68 of 28 May, 2007, relative to the regulations concerning short-term stays of foreigners for visits, business, tourism and study.

2. SCOPE OF APPLICATION

The following procedures apply exclusively to international students that require an entry visa for Italy for long-term stays.²

The procedures do not apply:

a) to citizens from European Union Member States, Norway, Iceland, Liechtenstein and the Swiss Confederation; from the Republic of San Marino and the Holy See, even if holding a foreign qualification;

b) to foreigners already officially residing in Italy³ as expressly indicated in Art. 39, comma 5, of Legislative

---

1 In line with the principles of the Lisbon Convention, with its application in the Italian system and with practices shared internationally by the centres belonging to the ENIC and NARIC networks, see the “Evaluation methodology used in the procedures for the recognition of foreign qualifications in Italy” published by the Italian ENIC-NARIC centre (CIMEA): http://www.cimea.it/st/servizi/procedure-di-ritrascrizione-dei-titoli/metodologica-consultativa.aspx

2 To enrol in courses it is necessary to be at least 17 years old at the moment of the release of the entry visa for purposes of study, as long as the education system of origin allows students to begin school attendance at a precocious age and to receive the final secondary school leaving qualification before reaching the age of 18.

3 In the case of dual citizenship, where one of which is Italian or of another EU country, it is the Italian or other EU citizenship which takes precedence as regards this circular (Art. 19, para. 2 of Law n. 218 of 31 May, 1995).
PROCEDURES FOR ENTRY, RESIDENCY AND ENROLMENT AT HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS FOR STUDENTS REQUIRING VISAS FOR HIGHER EDUCATION COURSES IN ITALY, FOR THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2020-2021

Decree 286 of 25 July, 1998;

c) to students who hold scholarships released by European Union education, training and research programmes, to which are applied, by analogy, the instructions in place for the “Erasmus Mundus” programme that also cover “Erasmus +”, as well as eventual and further instructions referring to entry visas issued by the Visa Centre of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation’s D.G.I.T.

Limited to the procedures and documentation necessary for the evaluation of the qualifications, to students attending courses organized jointly between two or more Italian and foreign institutions, for whom reference should be made to the relevant conventions (Art. 3, comma 10 of Ministerial Decree 270/2004 and Art. 3, comma 8 of Presidential Decree 212/2005), endorsed by higher education institutions for the creation of such courses. Higher education institutions will provide lists of students that have been selected within these joint programmes directly to the respective diplomatic/consular Missions to support the visa request on the part of said students.

The residency permit for study reasons, issued for the attendance of single courses and/or preparatory courses (foundation course), can be renewed, in light of the provision contained in the Presidential Decree n. 394/1999 and subsequent amendments, the last part of paragraph 4 of article 46, for access to the various training courses, provided they are functional to these courses.

3. PROCEDURES FOR CITIZENS NOT REQUIRING VISAS HOLDING A FOREIGN QUALIFICATION

Italian candidates with a foreign qualification, from the European Union wherever resident and from outside the European Union duly resident in Italy, as per Art. 39, comma 5 of Legislative Decree n. 286 of 25.07.98, as modified by Art. 26 of Law n. 189 of 30 July, 2002 “Modifications to the legislation on the subject of immigration and political asylum” gain access without quota contingents to university courses, if holding a qualification equivalent to the Italian one required and recognised as eligible according to the independent evaluation performed by the single higher education institution.

Candidates should present the enrolment request directly to the chosen higher education institution, according to the modality, terms and the requested documentation as established by each institution, and they accede under the same conditions extended to Italian citizens. Academic qualifications issued by foreign authorities must be accompanied by the documents indicated by the universities in respect of the Lisbon Convention: the student is obliged to produce the documentation that the institution deems necessary with a view to evaluating the foreign qualification, with reference to: eventual translations, legalisations, Diploma Supplements, exam certificates, ENIC-NARIC centre statements, Dichiarazioni di valore or other declarations that might serve to check the elements of the foreign qualification.

Citizens belonging to countries of the European Union should apply for registration at the registry office of the Municipality where they intend to reside following the conditions, modality and terms fixed by Legislative Decree n. 30 of 6 February 2007.

4. PRE-ENROLMENT REQUESTS AND PRELIMINARY EVALUATION OF CANDIDATES

The application for access to Laurea and Laurea Magistrale degree courses for international students applying for visas and residing abroad, must take place through a prior university pre-enrollment procedure, which precedes the subsequent enrolment phases.

---

4 “Access to higher technical education courses or higher education courses and to university specialisation schools, on equal terms with Italian students, is guaranteed to foreigners with EU residency permits for long-term stay, with residency permits for subordinate work, for self-employment, for family reasons, for asylum, for subsidiary protection, for religious reasons, for the reasons referred to in articles 18, 18-bis, 20-bis, 22, paragraph 12 (c), and 42-bis, as well as holders of residency permits issued pursuant to Article 32, paragraph 3, of Legislative Decree 28 January 2008, n. 25, or foreigners legally resident for at least one year in possession of an upper secondary school qualification obtained in Italy, as well as to foreigners, wherever resident, who are holders of final secondary school diplomas of Italian schools abroad or of foreign or international schools, operating in Italy or abroad, subject to bilateral agreements or special regulations for the recognition of educational qualifications and who meet the general conditions required for entry for study purposes”. 

(5)
4.1 University pre-enrolment

In order to start the university pre-enrolment procedures, the universities will instruct candidates to their study courses to access the UNIVERSITALY portal (https://www.universitaly.it/index.php/registration/firststep) in order to fill in the relative “pre-enrolment application” online. Within the UNIVERSITALY portal there will be all the information for the completion of pre-enrolment applications, aimed at facilitating the access of candidates to university courses and related institutions. The subsequent pre-enrolment phases will be completed at the relevant Diplomatic-consular missions for the purpose of obtaining the relevant visa. The deadlines for the procedures relating to pre-enrolment in the Laurea and Laurea Magistrale degree courses, with the exception of those with admission quotas, are defined by each university and published on their respective websites.

Registration for admission tests to Laurea Magistrale degree courses in: Medicine and Surgery, Medicine and Surgery in the English language where offered by universities, Dentistry and Dental Prostheses, Veterinary Medicine, and for courses dedicated to the training of an Architect, follows the procedures outlined in the portal http://www.universitaly.it/. The registration for the test is carried out online by the student and is not subject to the preliminary start of the pre-enrolment procedures at the diplomatic-consular Missions, which must, however, be initiated and formalised, as mandated, no later than the deadlines established by the calendar relative to the procedures for enrolment in Laurea and Laurea Magistrale courses on a national basis, whose exams will be held in the month of September 2020, unless otherwise modified due to dispositions linked to the COVID-19 emergency.

The procedures relating to pre-enrolment in Master universitari, Dottorati di Ricerca, Scuole di specializzazione and foundation courses (corsi propedeutici) do not follow the deadlines for enrolment in Laurea and Laurea Magistrale degree courses, but take place according to the terms autonomously decided by the individual institutions, in relation to the start of the courses themselves.

Once the pre-enrolment application has been completed, all candidates must apply for a university study/enrolment visa at the Italian consular diplomatic mission of the country of residence.

4.2 Preliminary evaluation

The university institutions will be able to carry out their own preliminary assessment of the individual applications by requesting from the student a copy of the academic qualifications and any other document deemed useful for the purpose of this preliminary assessment (certificates from official foreign authorities, certificate issued by the Italian ENIC-NARIC centre, etc.). The institution will validate the pre-enrolment application by entering the relevant data on the UNIVERSITALY portal. The university will indicate whether and for which documents authenticity has been verified, as well as indicating whether or not it is necessary for its own evaluation purposes for the relevant Declaration of Value (Dichiarazione di Valore) to be released by the diplomatic-consular mission. The university will also have the ability to produce and attach to the pre-enrolment application a Letter of eligibility for enrollment, drawn up according to Model D5 attached to these provisions, of use for diplomatic-consular missions in the process of completing the university pre-enrolment procedure.

The preliminary acceptance by the university does not confer any right to obtain a visa; this last indication must be clearly reported by the universities in communications with candidates who have obtained a letter of eligibility for enrolment and reported in any communication relating to these procedures.

---

5 In this document (Form D), the university will record the candidate's personal data and information about the foreign qualification evaluated as suitable for subsequent enrolment, as well as any other pertinent elements for obtaining the visa, such as proficiency in the Italian language, participation in structured mobility programs and conditional acceptance of the application in cases of non-procurement of the final qualification. The university must always indicate if the procedures of verification of the authenticity of the foreign qualification have been performed, thereby clearly providing such indication to the diplomatic-consular missions. It is the responsibility of the academic institution to inform the candidate clearly that this pre-enrolment procedure does not guarantee any right to obtain a visa for study purposes and that it does not imply any right to the subsequent enrolment, which will only be finalised once all the consigned academic qualifications have been evaluated and the relative administrative steps have been finalised. For the procedure for assessing the eligibility for enrolment carried out by the individual institutions, the student can check directly with the university which type of documentation must be produced and in what form.
PART II: ENROLMENT IN LAUREA DEGREE AND LAUREA MAGISTRALE DEGREE COURSES

1. PREMISE

The Laurea degree courses (1st cycle) normally last three years, while the Laurea Magistrale degree courses (2nd cycle) are divided into:

   a) Laurea Magistrale degree course of two years, subsequent to the Laurea degree course;
   b) Single-cycle Laurea Magistrale degree, lasting five or six years (i.e. Medicine and Surgery, Dentistry, Veterinary Medicine, single-cycle Architecture, Law and Art Restoration).

Documents drafted in a foreign language for consignment to diplomatic-consular Missions must be accompanied by an official translation into Italian. The Mission will return the original academic qualifications furnished with the consular legalisation, except for those cases in which the Country where the qualifications were issued already applies the Apostille. The said documents will not be sent by the Missions to the Universities, but should be consigned directly by the student to the academic authorities during the period of completion of the enrolment procedures, following the methods and timelines adopted by the institution. For the procedures of qualification evaluation performed by the institutions, the student can verify directly with the university applied to which kind of translation must be produced (sworn, certified etc.) and for which foreign languages said translation is, or is not, exempted. In cases in which a foreign student already enrolled at an Italian University has abandoned his/her studies and requests a new enrolment at the same or a different University, he/she cannot use the specific student residency permit which was granted for the first enrolment. The decision to interrupt studies results in a shortcoming of the requisites stipulated for the stay in the national territory and, consequently, in the withdrawal of the authorising permit.  

The higher education institutions publish the list of places reserved for each course (defined as “quota” - ref. article 39 of Legislative Decree 25 July 1998, no. 286) to visa applicant students, thereby allowing interested parties to submit an application for pre-enrolment. The list should also show whether or not students must provide a translation of the documentation to be attached to the application. The list of places reserved for foreign students is published on the website: http://www.studiare-in-italia.it/studentistranieri/.

2. PRE-ENROLMENT REQUEST FOR LAUREA DEGREE OR LAUREA MAGISTRALE A CICLO UNICO (SINGLE-CYCLE) DEGREE COURSES

Students interested in Laurea or Laurea Magistrale (single-cycle) courses should:

   a) access the UNIVERSITALY portal and fill in the related “pre-enrollment application” which must be submitted to the Italian Mission of the place of residence’ once validated by the university of reference;
   b) if they possess one of the academic qualifications in Attachment 1 of these dispositions, choose only one of the study courses indicated in the database to be found inside the pre-enrolment request of the UNIVERSITALY portal. For those study courses where a unique national access test is necessary (Medicine and Surgery, Dentistry and Dental Prostheses, Veterinary Medicine and specific courses to become an Architect), the pre-enrolment request is to be considered automatically presented to all the other Universities indicated at the time of enrollment for the test as alternatives to the first choice;
   c) if they possess a qualification contained in Attachment 2 of these dispositions, they can choose a course irrespectively of the number of reserved places.

The request is accepted by the diplomatic-consular Mission conditionally if the student is attending the last year of

---


7 Candidates may present their request to an Italian Mission located in a third Country. The Head of said Mission may decide the acceptence or the refusal of the request, based on an evaluation of the single circumstances and also taking into account the public interest.
secondary education and is either yet to sit the final exam, or the special academic competence exams where provided for, or in cases where the university has indicated in the candidate’s pre-enrolment request that admission to the course is subordinate to further controls.

2.1 Documents to be presented to diplomatic-consular Missions
a) original copy of final secondary education qualification, obtained after at least 12 scholastic study years, or a fully legal substitute certificate;8
b) certificate declaring the pass grade of an eventual special academic competence exam eventually required for entry to University in the Country of origin;

c) two photographs (of which one must be authenticated by the Italian Mission having jurisdiction for that territory);
d) a summary of the pre-enrolment request as validated by the university.

2.2 Documents normally requested by higher education institutions9
a) original copy (or certified copy) of final secondary education leaving qualification, obtained after at least 12 scholastic study years10, or a fully legal substitute certificate; the final qualification may be accompanied and at the discretion of each individual higher education institution by a declaration/statement released by the Italian ENIC-NARIC centre (CIMEA), by a declaration of official foreign institutions or by a Declaration of value (Dichiarazione di Valore)11;
b) certificate declaring the pass grade of a special academic competence exam eventually required for entry to University in the Country of origin;
c) the translation of the documents listed in points a) and b);
d) any other documentation required by the university, also with reference to verifying the authenticity of the foreign qualification.12

3. PRE-ENROLMENT REQUEST FOR LAUREA MAGISTRALE DEGREE COURSES (NOT SINGLE CYCLE)

Students interested in Laurea Magistrale degree courses (not single-cycle), must present to the Italian Mission in the Country of origin a summary of the request for pre-enrolment generated within the UNIVERSITALY portal.13

3.1 Documents to be presented to diplomatic-consular Missions
a) academic qualification gained from a University or post-secondary qualification gained in a non-university Higher Institute which allows them to proceed on-site to further studies at academic institutions at the next level;
b) certificate released by the competent University declaring the exams passed, as well as, for each subject, detailed

---

8 If the qualification of secondary education has been obtained at the end of a period of less than 12 scholastic study years, please refer to what is indicated in Annex 1.
9 The documentation referring to the foreign qualification and requested by the university is meant to verify the main elements of the foreign qualification and to check its comparability with an equivalent Italian qualification, therefore each single university can request this type of documentation independently, in the most appropriate form, in order to assess the correctness of the foreign qualification for access to the chosen course.
10 Cf. note 6.
11 The documentation provided by Italian diplomatic missions does not affect the evaluation decisions of the single higher education institutions as regards the foreign qualifications for enrolment to courses. In this regard, it should be remembered that the request for a Dichiarazione di valore “does not exclude the right and duty of the Administration to perform its own autonomous evaluation even in cases where the relevant diplomatic mission has not provided the required reply or has provided it with insufficient or generic contents” (cf. Council of State sentence n. 4613 of 4/9/07).
12 Higher education institutions are invited to put in place useful tools for the verification of qualifications that can facilitate the entry of candidates with a foreign qualification, in line with the provisions of the recent “Recommendation of the Council of the European Union on the promotion of automatic mutual recognition of higher education qualifications and secondary education and training qualifications and the results of study periods abroad”, including the use of new tools and new technologies made available internationally, including blockchain technology and the statements of verification of qualifications by the Italian ENIC-NARIC centre (CIMEA).
13 Requests are also “conditionally” accepted by the diplomatic-consular Missions, from those who, while having finished their study course, are not yet in actual possession of the relative qualification or in cases where the admission is subordinate to other requirements.
programmes for the completion of said qualifications. The student can check at the time of publication the number of places which each University reserves for each single degree course, and if and for which foreign languages the translation for said certificate has been exempted. Post-secondary studies (exams and credits) already gained can be certified by the Diploma Supplement, where in place:
c) two photographs (of which one must be authenticated by the competent Italian Mission for that territory);
d) the summary of the pre-enrolment request as validated by the University.

3.2 Documents normally requested by higher education institutions

a) academic qualification gained from a higher education institution which allows access in the issuing Country to further studies at academic institutions at the next level; the final qualification may be accompanied at the discretion of each individual higher education institution by a statement released by the Italian ENIC-NARIC centre (CIMEA), by a declaration of official foreign institutions or by a Dichiarazione di valore.\(^{15}\)
b) certificate released by the competent University declaring the exam transcripts, as well as, for each subject, detailed programmes for the completion of said qualifications; the study programme can be certified by the Diploma Supplement, where in place;
c) eventual translations of the documents listed in points a) and b);
d) other eventual documents requested by the university, including those relevant for the verification of the authenticity of the foreign qualification.\(^{16}\).

---

\(^{14}\) Cf. note 9.
\(^{15}\) Cf. note 11.
\(^{16}\) Cf. note 12.
PART III: PROFICIENCY IN THE ITALIAN LANGUAGE

1. TEST OF PROFICIENCY IN THE ITALIAN LANGUAGE

Higher education institutions are obliged to test the linguistic ability of students for access to courses. Each institution must organise a test of proficiency in the Italian language, obligatory for all Laurea degree and Laurea Magistrale a ciclo unico (single-cycle) degree courses, except for those cases which are exempted as indicated in the paragraph below. This test is to be held preferably off-campus and before the visa application, thereby allowing for the certification of this proficiency during the request for a study visa, for an acceleration of such procedures and to lessen the pressure on the candidate.

The outcome of the evaluation of linguistic knowledge must be certified in the pre-enrollment application and in the eventual letter of eligibility for registration, in order to exempt the diplomatic-consular Missions from the aforementioned verification.

Even in the case of courses held in other languages, this language element must be indicated in the pre-enrolment request and in the eventual letter of eligibility for registration, considering that for such courses a knowledge test of Italian is not required: in all these cases, students must deliver satisfactory certification of an adequate knowledge of the foreign language in which the course is held. Nobody may be admitted to further competitive or aptitude tests - if any - who has not passed the language test. As regards the Laurea Magistrale (non single-cycle) degree courses, independent decisions by the universities may include passing the test of proficiency in the Italian language.

1.1. Exemption from the language proficiency test

The following students are exempted from the Italian language test, but subject to the limit of the specific number of places reserved for visa applicants and residents abroad:

a) those students who have obtained certificates of proficiency in the Italian language with a grade not inferior to B2 level of the Council of Europe, awarded as determined by the CLIQ (Italian Quality Language Certification) quality system, which unites in one association the current certification bodies (University for Foreigners of Perugia, University for Foreigners of Siena, Rome Tre University and the Dante Alighieri Society) and University for Foreigners “Dante Alighieri” of Reggio Calabria, as well as in convention with Italian Institutes of Culture abroad or other institutions. These certifications may be gained in the country of origin, in the approved exam centres found all over the world;

b) the students described in the following paragraph are also exempted from the preliminary Italian language test and are enrolled independently of the fixed quota of places.

1.2. Exemption from the language test and quotas

For enrolment to Laurea and Laurea Magistrale a ciclo unico (single-cycle) degree courses, exemption is granted to, irrespectively of the number of reserved places:

c) those students who hold the final 4- or 5-year senior secondary school diploma awarded by Italian State or State-recognised schools abroad;

d) those students holding one of the final leaving qualifications from a secondary School as listed in Attachment 2;

e) the holders of certificates pertaining to the Lower Secondary School final qualification obtained in Argentina, which certify the attendance of a study course which includes the teaching, for at least 5 years, of the Italian language, according to Law no. 210 of 7.6.1999 (Gazzetta Ufficiale no. 152 of 1.7.1999);

f) those students who have earned the Diploma in Italian Language and Culture at the Universities for Foreigners of Perugia and Siena;

g) those students who have earned the certification in Italian language proficiency, with a grade of C1 or C2 of the Council of Europe, awarded as determined by the CLIQ (Italian Quality Language Certification) quality system, which unites in one association the current certification bodies (Universities for Foreigners of Perugia and Siena, Roma Tre University and the Dante Alighieri Society), as well as those issued by the University for Foreigners “Dante Alighieri” of Reggio Calabria, also in convention with Italian Institutes of Culture abroad or other accredited institutions.

h) For enrolment in Laurea Magistrale degree courses (should the University autonomously require the test) exemption is granted to those students holding the qualifications outlined in the previous letters d) and e).
1. INCOMING VISA FOR SITTING ENTRY TESTS

For students who are regularly pre-enrolled (see Part I, 4.1) and for whom the application by the institution of higher education received within the UNIVERSITALY portal has been validated, the diplomatic-consular missions will issue, having completed their checks, a “D” type STUDY visa for “University Enrolment”

Students regularly pre-enrolled and who have received “provisional” confirmation from the University (because not yet physically in possession of the relevant local qualification or because waiting to participate in the entrance or language exam), the diplomatic-consular missions will issue a “D” type STUDY visa for “University Enrolment” in order to allow them to take the entrance exams to the University/AFAM and to proceed, in case of passing the selection, with the subsequent enrolment without having to return to the country of origin. If the admission tests or language exams take place before the final school diploma is obtained or in a time that does not allow the regular pre-enrollment to be completed, students must request a short-term entry visa (Schengen Uniform Visa for stays of less than 90 days) of duration commensurate with the actual needs of the student, having ascertained the existence of the conditions and requirements for this type of visa.

The competent diplomatic-consular Mission will issue the national entry visa for STUDY “University Enrolment”, with multiple entries, valid 365 days only following the student's admission to participate in the chosen course, once he/she has returned to the country of origin. The issue of a STUDY visa for “university enrolment” can only be granted for enrolment in a Laurea and Laurea Magistrale degree course and in no case is the issue such a visa foreseen in favour of foreigners enrolled in academic years subsequent to that of enrolment.

2. REQUIREMENTS TO RECEIVE A STUDY VISА

To obtain an entry visa for STUDY purposes for University Enrolment (type D “national”) and, subsequently, of a residency permit, the foreign student must demonstrate being in possession of the following requisites:

a) Economic means for subsistence during the planned stay. These means are quantified as € 459.83 per month for each month of duration of the academic year, equal to € 5,977.79 per year. The availability in Italy of such means of support must be proven through personal or parental economic guarantees, or provided by Italian Institutions or Authorities of proven liquidity, including Universities, local Government, foreign Institutions or Authorities deemed reliable by the Italian diplomatic Mission; they cannot be demonstrated through the exhibition of a bank guarantee, or of a guarantee insurance policy, and neither with cash or guarantees supplied by third parties.

b) The availability of the necessary sum for repatriation, which can also be demonstrated by showing a return ticket.

c) Suitable lodgings in the national territory.

d) Adequate insurance cover for medical expenses and hospital stays (Art. 39 paragraph 3 Consolidated Law n. 286/1998 and Ministry of the Interior Directive 01.03.2000), which the student must demonstrate being in possession of, at the time of the residency permit request. The following modalities are accepted:

---

17 Countries whose citizens need a short-stay visa:
http://www.esteri.it/mae/it/ministero/servizi/stranieri/ingressosoggiornointernazionali/visto_ingresso/paesi_soggetti_visto.html
Countries whose citizens do not need a short-stay visa:
http://www.esteri.it/mae/it/ministero/servizi/stranieri/ingressosoggiornointernazionali/visto_ingresso/paesi_esenti_visto.html

18 The amount referred to is quoted in Circular n. 3, having as its object “Renewal of pensions, social security enrolments and enrolments in parallel with pensions for the year 2020”, issued by Istituto Nazionale della Previdenza Sociale (Italian State pension authority), on 9th December, 2019, where the amount of the “minimum state pension” is communicated.

19 The mere application for an Italian government scholarship does not act as a document of economic cover. Students who, having requested but not yet obtained an Italian government scholarship, intend to present a request for enrolment even following the current norms must produce a document proving economic cover just like the other candidates.
consular declaration which demonstrates the right for health care cover due to an Agreement between Italy and the Country of origin;
- foreign insurance policy, accompanied by a consular declaration on its validity in Italy, on its term and on the forms of assistance covered, which should not include limitations or exceptions to the tariffs established for urgent hospital admittance for the length of the cover;
- insurance policy with Authorities or national companies accompanied by a declaration from the insuring entity that specifies the absence of limitations or exceptions to the tariffs established for urgent hospital admittance for the length of the cover.

Participants of the entry tests, including the Italian language exam, which are held after the delivery of the final secondary qualification or the successful procedure of pre-enrolment, are to come to the chosen University bearing a passport with the specific entry visa for STUDY purposes (University Enrolment) or with the eventual residency permit, or receipt produced by the Post Office testifying the deposition of the permit request which occurred. They will receive from the chosen University the modality to present the pre-enrolment request, authenticated by a signature, a photograph and the study documents, accompanied by the relevant consular papers, collected from the Italian diplomatic consular Mission.

3. MEASURES TO TAKE UPON ARRIVAL IN ITALY

Within eight working days of arrival in Italy on a type D “national” visa for STUDY (University Enrolment), the candidates must forward a request for a residency permit for STUDY to the police headquarters responsible for the city where they intend to establish their residence. The request may be presented to Post Offices, or by taking advantage of the eventual counter established at the University, using the appropriate kit available at the said Offices. At the moment of presentation of the request for a residency permit, the foreigner will be identified and must effect the payment of the relative costs.

At the time of presentation of the dossier at the post office window, the student will receive an invitation of summons which specifies the date when he must appear at the specific offices of the police headquarters, together with photographs, to undergo the photographic and fingerprinting procedures. In cases where the dossier must be integrated with further documentation, the student will be informed via text message or registered mail. The Post Office produces a receipt of the delivery of a request for a residency permit which is equivalent to the receipt of the presentation of the dossier produced by the Police Headquarters and which, moreover, functions as a testimonial to the authorized presence in Italy.

Students who arrive on a short-term visa (Uniform Schengen Visa – USV) perform the previous procedures for residency according to the terms of Law n. 68 of 28/5/2007 following the indications of the Interior Ministry circular of 26.07.2007, called Procedures for presentation of “Declaration of Presence” by foreigners for short-term stays (Modalità di presentazione della Dichiarazione di Presenza resa dagli stranieri per soggiorni di breve durata). Candidates, pending the verification of all the fixed requirements, are in all cases admitted to the tests, but “conditionally”.

---

20 In the preparation of a request for a residency permit the student may take advantage of the free and professional assistance of the aid offices and Municipalities that have implemented such services.

21 The Post Office employee also releases a letter containing all the information relative to the interview fixed at the relevant Police Headquarters: the date, the time and the place to report for the prosecution of the subsequent activities relative to the request are all indicated. Information on the procedure may be obtained from: www.poliziadistato.it; www.portaleimmigrazione.it and 800 number 803160.

22 If the time of release of the residency permit is prolonged because of obligations related to the submission to photo-fingerprinting procedures, the subsequent enrolment at the University is also carried out conditionally, until a copy of the residence permit is presented, or at the request of the University concerned, until the eventual communication from the competent Police Headquarters, concerning the adoption of a provision rejecting the application (in the case in which there are reasons for blocking the request that were not evident when issuing the entry visa).
4. **RENEWAL OF RESIDENCY PERMIT**

Students, upon enrolment in a university course, must request from the Chief of Police (Questore) of the Province in which they are located the renewal of the residency permit for the entire year, at least sixty days before it expires. When renewal is necessary, a foreign student who entered Italy on a type “D” national visa for STUDY university enrolment purposes must demonstrate the possession of the same financial resources required for entry, not inferior to **€459.83 per month**, equal to **€5,977.79 annually**, the certificate of University registration and all the conditions already required for the issue of the residency permit.

**Residency permits for STUDY purposes (University)** are renewed “...for those students who in the first year of the course have passed a progress review and in the following years at least two reviews”, as determined by the University in terms of credits. Furthermore, “for serious health reasons or force majeur, with the relevant documentation, the residency permit may be renewed even for the student who has only passed a single progress review, subject to the total number of renewals. These may not in any case be issued for more than three years beyond the duration of the study course”.\(^{23}\)

The renewability of residency permits for study purposes is also contemplated for the continuation of studies with the registration for a degree course different from that which the foreign student entered Italy to study, provided the academic authorities give their approval for such change.\(^{24}\)

---

\(^{23}\) Art. 46, comma 4 of Presidential Decree n. 394 of 31 August, 1999.

\(^{24}\) According to Art. 1, comma 1, lett. B) of Legislative Decree n. 154 of 10 August, 2007. In this regard, clarifying that the opportunity to transfer to a study course different from that for which the visa was issued is allowed only for university courses, with the exclusion therefore of transfers to private courses, the relative applied rules have been outlined in Interior Ministry circular n. 400/C/2008/899/P/12.214.27/BI dated 21 February, 2008.
PART V: COURSES WITH ADMISSION QUOTAS

1. ENTRY TESTS

It is mandatory to sit an entry test to accede to national fixed quota university courses:

- Laurea degree and Laurea Magistrale degree courses directly structured for the qualification of Architect;
- Laurea Magistrale degree course in Medicine and Surgery and Laurea Magistrale degree course in Odontoiatrics and Dental Prostheses;
- Laurea Magistrale degree course in Veterinary Medicine;
- Laurea degree and Laurea Magistrale degree courses in Healthcare Professions;
- Laurea Magistrale degree course in Primary Education Sciences.

The dates relating to the admission tests to the study courses indicated above can be found on the institutional website of the Ministry for Universities and Research. The modalities and contents of the admission tests, and of the registrations, are found and take place exclusively through the UNIVERSITALY portal.

Admission exams are equally mandatory for courses identified by the Universities, following the norms in place, the dates of sitting of which are fixed by the calls issued and posted in the registers of the individual Universities. Following upon the admission tests for fixed quota courses or for other eventual tests autonomously organised by the individual Universities, each University defines and publishes a merit ranking according to the rules established for the respective call relative to the quota reserved for the year in question. In order to define to which contingent a single candidate refers for entry to a course with a limited number, the criterion of his citizenship will be used and not that of the country where the qualification was obtained, even if the latter was obtained from an Italian educational institution operating abroad. The only exception to this indication refers to those candidates who already have a residence permit for study at a secondary school and at the same time obtain a final diploma of upper secondary school in Italy, who will be included in the category “Italian, EU and equivalent candidates”.

2. PLACES LEFT AVAILABLE IN THE CASE OF INDIVIDUAL QUOTAS

Students who do not classify in the ranking for admission with respect to the number of places reserved for them may, within the deadlines fixed in the timetables and after the publication of the places still available, present a single request for:

a) admission to another university course in the same institution;

b) reemployment, for the same university course, or another, to an alternative institution;

The requests outlined in b) must be presented by the candidates to the Rector of the chosen University, as well as to the Rector of the University where the admission exam was sat. Those candidates who do not pass the tests or who do not gain admission either to another university course or a reemployment to another institution, must leave Italy within and no later than the expiration of the visa or of the study residency permit, unless they have another residency document which allows them to legally stay beyond that date.

---

25 According to the decision taken by the Council of State, Plenary Session n. 1/2015, passing an admission test for degree and master’s degree courses in the healthcare area established by Art. 4, comma 1, of Law n. 264 of 2 August, 1999, is not mandatory for students who arrive from foreign universities and request a transfer to years subsequent to the first year of the aforementioned courses. The transfer clearance is in any case subordinate to the respect of the unavoidable limit of the number of available places fixed by the chosen university for each year at the time of annual planning, and to the verification of the educational path completed by the student: to this end, the Universities analytically specify in their calls both the criteria for the recognition of the acquired credits at the foreign University and for the evaluation of the comparability, and the number of available places for a transfer into each year subsequent to the first. Each University may equally determine, as allowed for within its own autonomy, the possibility of organising further evaluative admission tests for students who request a transfer into years subsequent to the first, with a view to verifying the knowledge, competences and ability, in accordance with the principles of the Lisbon Convention.
PROCEDURES FOR ENTRY, RESIDENCY AND ENROLMENT AT HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS FOR STUDENTS REQUIRING VISAS FOR HIGHER EDUCATION COURSES IN ITALY, FOR THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2020-2021

For national study courses with limited quotas, each University arranges for the admission of candidates from non-EU countries residing abroad on the basis of a specific merit ranking, within the limit of the quota reserved for them. Any places not used within the aforementioned ranking are made available, for the same study courses, as part of the places intended for students from EU and non-EU countries residing in Italy as referred to in article 26 of law 189 of 2002, in time for the scrolling of the relative rankings and without prejudice, where possible, to any compensation between universities within the same quota reserved for students from non-EU countries not resident in Italy.
PROCEDURES FOR ENTRY, RESIDENCY AND ENROLMENT AT HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS FOR STUDENTS REQUIRING VISAS FOR HIGHER EDUCATION COURSES IN ITALY, FOR THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2020-2021

PART VI: ENROLMENT

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Information relative to enrolment must be sourced at each university. Should the foreign student not be in possession of the required residency permit also during the phase of enrolment, or in general not in possession of all the established requisites, the registration for the requested Laurea degree or Laurea Magistrale degree course is conditionally accepted until the month of June of the year following that of the presentation of the request. In such circumstances, upon a request from the University in question, within and no later than said month of June, the Police Headquarters (Questura) will send a communication testifying to the actual issue of the residency permit, unless there is the eventual decision to reject the request.

The higher education institutions in order to proceed with the enrolment of students, in addition to assessing the suitability of the qualification for the purpose of access to the chosen course, are responsible for verifying the authenticity of the academic documents presented, using the methods they consider most adequate to carry out such checks, such as requesting apostilled and legalised documents, contacting the foreign institution directly, using online verification tools, using the services offered by the Italian ENIC-NARIC centre (CIMEA), etc. Institutions of higher education are also invited to introduce useful tools in order to facilitate the entry of candidates with foreign qualifications, in line with the provisions of the recent “Recommendation of the Council of the European Union on the promotion of automatic mutual recognition of higher education and higher secondary education and training and the results of study periods abroad”, including the use of new technologies, including blockchain technology, made available internationally by the ENIC-NARIC centres.

The foreign qualification evaluation necessary for enrolment in Italian higher education study courses lies within the exclusive jurisdiction of higher education institutions, as established by Art. 2 of Law 148/2002. The documentation provided by Italian diplomatic missions does not affect the evaluation decisions of the single higher education institutions as regards foreign qualifications for enrolment in courses. In this regard, it should be remembered that the request for a Dichiarazione di valore “…does not exclude the right and duty of the Administration to perform its own autonomous evaluation even in cases where the relevant diplomatic mission has not provided the documentation requested or has provided generic or insufficient material”. During the foreign qualification evaluation procedures necessary for enrolment, the documentation needed from the students is determined by the single higher education institutions.

2. QUALIFICATIONS HELD BY RECIPIENTS OF INTERNATIONAL PROTECTION

On the basis of the Lisbon Recognition Convention27 - ratified in Italy by Law n.148 of 11 July 2002 - and considering Article 26 of Legislative Decree 251/2007, as amended pursuant to Legislative Decree No. 18 of 21 February 2014 (introduction of paragraph 3 bis)28, higher education institutions are invited, taking into account their autonomy and in line with the possibility given by the current legislation to carry out controls “…of the cycles and periods of study carried out abroad and of foreign qualifications, for access purposes to higher education, the continuation of university studies and

26 Cf. State Council sentence n. 4613 of 04/09/07.

27 Article VII of the Convention on the recognition of academic qualifications relating to superior education in the European Union: “…Every Party, in the scope of its own education system and in conformity with its personal constitutional, judicial and legislative regulations, shall adopt all possible and reasonable measures to elaborate procedures aimed at evaluating fairly and effectively whether refugees, exiles and those persons in conditions similar to those of refugees fulfil the requisites for admittance to higher education, to programmes complementary to higher education or to work activities, even in those cases where the academic qualifications issued by one of the Parties cannot be proven by the relative documents.”

28 “3-bis: For the recognition of professional qualifications, diplomas, certificates and other titles obtained abroad by holders of refugee or subsidiary protection status, the relevant administrations shall identify appropriate assessment, validation and accreditation systems that allow the recognition of qualifications pursuant to Article 49 of Presidential Decree n. 394 of 31 August 1999, even in the absence of certification by the State in which the qualification was obtained, where the interested party proves that he cannot acquire said certification.”
PROCEDURES FOR ENTRY, RESIDENCY AND ENROLMENT AT HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS FOR STUDENTS REQUIRING VISAS FOR HIGHER EDUCATION COURSES IN ITALY, FOR THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2020-2021

*the achievement of Italian university degrees*” (Article 2 of Law 148/2002), to put in place all the necessary efforts in order to prepare internal procedures and mechanisms for evaluating the qualifications of refugees and holders of subsidiary protection, even in cases where all or part of the relevant documents proving the qualifications are not present.

The higher education institutions, with a view to the recognition of such qualifications and for the implementation of the eventual evaluation procedures, can benefit from the experience and the certifications produced by the Italian ENIC-NARIC centre (CIMEA) and from established best practices at an international level.
1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Candidates in possession of a foreign academic qualification equivalent in level, type, content and academic rights (access to further courses), to the Italian academic qualification required for access to the chosen course, may request enrolment in courses for *scuole di specializzazione*, *dottorato di ricerca*, *perfezionamento*, *master universitari di primo e secondo livello*, single courses (*corsi singoli*), courses in Italian language and culture at the Universities for Foreigners of Perugia, Siena and “Dante Alighieri” Reggio Calabria and foundation courses (*corsi propedeutici*).

Registration remains subject to the assessment of the suitability of the degree by the academic bodies for the sole purpose of enrolment, as well as the passing of the respective entrance exams, where applicable. In particular, as regards foundation courses, only students who possess a final foreign secondary school qualification necessary for enrolling in a university level course in the country of origin, which is not sufficient, however, for enrolment in a university course in Italy, will be considered suitable, in accordance with the provisions of Annex 1 of these Procedures and in consideration of the assessment carried out by the individual institutions of higher education with reference to the characteristics of the course of study chosen by the candidate.

The candidates must present the enrolment request directly to the chosen University, according to the terms and conditions established by each University. Study qualifications awarded by foreign authorities must be accompanied by documents indicated by the University with line with the Lisbon Recognition Convention: the student is obliged to produce the documentation requested by the University with a view to evaluating the foreign qualification, with reference to: eventual translations, legalisations, Diploma Supplements, exam certificates, the Italian ENIC-NARIC centre (CIMEA) statements, *Dichiarazioni di valore*, or other declarations useful for the verification of the elements of the foreign qualification. The candidates must satisfy the requirements of the professional qualification, where requested.

2. DOTTORATO AND MASTER UNIVERSITARIO COURSES

For enrolment in *Master universitari* and *Dottorati di ricerca* courses the dispositions necessary for enrolment in *Laurea* and *Laurea Magistrale a ciclo unico* (single-cycle) degree courses are not applied, considering that the entry procedures for the aforementioned courses do not follow a timetable drawn up according to general instructions.

Candidates in possession of a foreign academic qualification equivalent in terms of level, type, content and academic rights (access to further courses) to the equivalent Italian academic qualification necessary to access the chosen course may request enrolment. The candidates present a request to attend a *Dottorato di ricerca* or *Master universitario* course together with a copy of the academic qualification directly to the University following the procedures and inside the terms specified in the announcements of the relative institutions. This procedure must also be applied in the case of *Masters* organised by Universities in collaboration with public or private institutions. Upon enrolling at the University, the candidates present the academic qualification, attached to the documentation required for enrolment.

Following confirmation of acceptance by the University, candidates request the Mission to issue an entry visa for study purposes, with validity related to the duration of the course. Both in cases where admission tests are contemplated, but such tests do not require a physical presence in Italy, and in cases where the student must be physically present for the admission test, the diplomatic-consular Missions are responsible for issuing a STUDY visa, in line with the start and duration of the course or, in the second case, with the timing of the entrance tests. In the event of a favourable outcome of the admission test, the candidate can proceed with the subsequent enrolment in the course, without needing to return to the country of origin.

The Institutions of Higher Education who receive an admission request for such courses communicate the acceptance of the student and the results of the admission test, where relevant, to the Missions with jurisdiction. For these courses, as well, the evaluation of entry qualifications is the exclusive responsibility of the academic Governance. In the pre-enrolment application procedure and in the eventual letter of admission it will be clearly indicated whether or not in the opinion of the University it is necessary to request a *Dichiarazione di Valore* for foreign qualifications. If necessary, this will be considered as a requirement for obtaining the visa itself.
3. SINGLE COURSES AND INTERNSHIPS

Students or foreign citizens applying for a visa, who intend to attend one or more single courses (corsi singoli) or internships (stage) in Italy, can register, within the deadlines set by each single University, by presenting the documentation requested by the single Italian University. The Universities communicate the names of the visa applicants for these types of courses to the Italian Diplomatic Missions, indicating the positive academic evaluation of the candidate. In the application for pre-enrolment and in an eventual letter of eligibility for enrolment in single courses or, in general, in communications made by the University to the diplomatic-consular Missions, it will be clearly indicated whether, in the University's judgment, it is necessary or not to request a Dichiarazione di valore of the certificate attesting the exams passed (transcript). If this requirement is necessary, the Dichiarazione di valore will be considered as a necessary requirement for obtaining the visa itself. In the event that the Dichiarazione di valore is not requested, the Universities will be able to use further documentation to support their assessments such as certificates issued by the Italian ENIC-NARIC centre (CIMEA) or certificates from official foreign bodies.

The foreign candidate cannot obtain the renewal of an entry visa in order to further his/her studies by attending another single course, distinct from the one that allowed the student to enter Italy: the renewability of an entry visa for study purposes is allowed for the furtherance of studies through enrolment in a Laurea course which is pertinent or consequent to the finished single course. Such pertinence must be certified by the University in question.

4. ITALIAN LANGUAGE AND CULTURE COURSES

Non-European Community foreign citizens residing abroad who are regularly enrolled in courses of Italian language and culture organised by the Universities for Foreigners in Perugia, in Siena and in Reggio Calabria - “Dante Alighieri” are eligible for the issue of study visas with validity in line with the length of the courses in question. For the release of the entry visas relative to the aforementioned courses, the general dispositions of the Schengen legislation and the national law regarding immigration are applied, in particular as concerns the evaluation of migratory risk.

5. FOUNDATION COURSES (CORSI PROPEDEUTICI)

Based on the principles established by Art. 6, comma 1 of Ministerial Decree 270/2004 for the university sector and by Art. 7, comma 2 of Presidential Decree 212/2005 for the AFAM sector, higher education institutions can organise foundation educational activities for access to 1st cycle courses, proposing foundation courses (corsi propedeutici), even for less than one year, to integrate- the requisites for admission requested for enrolment in Italian higher education courses, in line with the contents of Annex 1. At the end of such courses an appropriate Certificate can be released related to the Foundation Course followed.

As regards enrolment to said courses, the same procedures are applied as for enrolment in Master universitari. The higher education institutions shall communicate to the respective diplomatic-consular Missions all information regarding the length and the nature of the course in question.

6. HIGHER TECHNICAL INSTITUTES (ITS)

For enrolment in Post-Diploma Technical Specialisation courses organised by Higher Technical Institutes (ITS) by visa applicants, the same procedures as for enrolment in Laurea courses apply, except for the scheduling of university pre-enrolment procedures and participation in the quota. Candidates present the application for participation in a Post Diploma Technical Specialisation course directly to Higher Technical Institutes following the procedures and within the established deadlines of the relative institutions. The electronic procedure of “pre-enrolment application” available on the UNIVERSITALY website for the evaluation of candidates for higher education courses, implemented by these

---

29 For the release of short entry visas relative to the aforementioned courses, the general dispositions of the Schengen legislation and the national law regarding immigration are applied, in particular as concerns the evaluation of migratory risk.

provisions only for universities, will be extended to the Higher Technical Institutes (ITS) starting from the provisions referring to the academic year 2021-2022.

At the time of enrolment, candidates present their qualifications, duly accompanied by the following documents\(^{31}\):

a) original (or certified copy) of final secondary school diploma awarded after at least 12 years of schooling, or a replacement certificate valid for all legal purposes; the final qualification can be accompanied, alternatively and at the discretion of the institution, by a certification issued by the Italian ENIC-NARIC centre (CIMEA), by certificates of official foreign bodies or by a Dichiarazione di valore;

b) certificate certifying that the academic eligibility test required for access to similar institutions in the country of origin has been passed, considering this necessity only in cases where the foreign system provides for an entry test for institutions comparable to ITSs;

c) eventual Italian translations of the documents indicated in points a) and b);

d) eventual supplementary documentation requested by the Institution, including pertinent documentation to verify the authenticity of the foreign qualification.

Following confirmation of acceptance by the Institution, candidates request the Mission to issue an entry visa for study purposes, with validity related to the duration of the course. The diplomatic-consular Missions issue the relative visa, taking into account the frequently short time-frames before the start of these courses.

The Institutes that receive the request for admission to these courses communicate the student's acceptance to the relevant Missions. For these courses, as well, the evaluation of qualifications for admission is the exclusive competence of the Institutes. In the Letter of eligibility for enrolment or, in general, in the communications made by the Institute to the diplomatic-consular Mission, it will be clearly indicated whether, in the opinion of the Institute, it is necessary or not to request a Dichiarazione di Valore. If this requirement is necessary, the Dichiarazione di Valore will be considered as a necessary requirement for obtaining the visa itself. In the event that the Dichiarazione di Valore is not requested, the Institutes will be able to use further documentation to support their assessments such as certificates issued by the Italian ENIC-NARIC centre (CIMEA) or certificates from official foreign bodies.

The Higher Technical Institutes will communicate to the respective diplomatic-consular Missions all information relating to the duration and nature of the course in question.

Both in cases where admission tests are contemplated, but such tests do not require a physical presence in Italy, and in cases where the student must be physically present for the admission test, the diplomatic-consular Missions are responsible for issuing a STUDY visa, in line with the start and duration of the course or, in the second case, with the timing of the entrance tests. In the event of a favourable outcome of the above tests, the candidate can proceed with the subsequent enrolment in the course, without needing to return to the country of origin. In the event of a favourable outcome of the admission tests, once back in their country, the Representation will issue the candidate with a new entry visa for STUDY, in line with the start and duration of the course.

As far as proficiency in the Italian language is concerned, the same dispositions as for the university sector apply.

7. OTHER HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS ACCREDITED FOR THE RELEASE OF QUALIFICATIONS

For enrolment in the official courses of the Italian higher education system by candidates applying for visas organised by the Higher Schools for Language Mediators, (SSML), by the Institutes in Psychotherapy Specialisation and by the Institutions authorised to issue Higher Artistic, Musical and Dance Education qualifications according to art. 11 of Presidential Decree 08/07/2005, n. 212, the same procedures for enrolment apply to courses of the same level and nature of the University sector and AFAM. Candidates submit the application for participation in a course directly to the reference institution within the deadlines of the relevant offices.

\(^{31}\)The final secondary school qualification obtained abroad and awarded after no less than 12 years of schooling may also be of a different nature than that required for entry to university institutions, bearing in mind that in many foreign systems there are final qualifications of upper secondary school with a vocational orientation which, while not allowing access to academic studies, allow access to technical courses comparable to those offered by ITSs.
The electronic procedure of “pre-enrolment application” available on the UNIVERSITALY website for the evaluation of candidates for higher education courses, implemented by these provisions only for universities, will be extended to the Institutions dealt with in this section starting from the provisions referring to the academic year 2021-2022.

At the time of enrolment, candidates present their qualifications, duly accompanied by the following documents:

- **for courses relating to first cycle:**
  a) original (or certified copy) of final secondary school diploma awarded after at least 12 years of schooling, or a replacement certificate valid for all legal purposes; the final qualification can be accompanied, alternatively and at the discretion of the institution, by a certification issued by the Italian ENIC-NARIC centre (CIMEA), by certificates of official foreign bodies or by a Dichiarazione di valore;
  b) certificate certifying that the academic eligibility test required for access to similar institutions in the country of origin, where foreseen, has been passed;

- **for courses relating to second and third cycles:**
  c) qualification awarded by a Higher Education Institution which gives academic rights for the continuation of study at the next level in the country of reference at the relevant academic institutions, the final qualification can be accompanied, alternatively and at the discretion of the institution, by a certification issued by the Italian ENIC-NARIC centre (CIMEA), by certificates of official foreign bodies or by a Dichiarazione di valore;
  d) certificate issued by the competent foreign institution certifying the exams passed (transcript), as well as for each discipline, the programmes for the achievement of the aforementioned qualifications; the study programme can be certified by the Diploma Supplement, if adopted;

- **for all types of courses:**
  e) eventual translations into Italian of the documents indicated in points a), b), c) e d);
  f) eventual supplementary documentation requested by the Institution, including pertinent documentation to verify the authenticity of the foreign qualification.

Following confirmation of acceptance by the Institution, candidates request the Mission to issue an entry visa for study purposes, with validity related to the duration of the course. The diplomatic-consular Missions issue the relative visa, taking into account the frequently short time-frames before the start of these courses.

The above-mentioned Institutes that receive the request for admission to these courses **communicate the student's acceptance to the relevant diplomatic Missions.** For these courses, as well, the evaluation of qualifications for admission is the exclusive competence of the Institutes, according to the national and international procedures in force in the sector. In the Letter of eligibility for enrolment or, in general, in the communications made by the Institute to the diplomatic-consular Mission, **it will be clearly indicated whether, in the opinion of the Institute, it is necessary or not to request a Dichiarazione di Valore.** If this requirement is considered necessary, the Dichiarazione di Valore will be considered as a necessary requirement for obtaining the visa itself. In the event that the Dichiarazione di Valore is not requested, the Institutes will be able to use further documentation to support their assessments such as certificates issued by the Italian ENIC-NARIC centre (CIMEA) or certificates from official foreign bodies.

Higher Schools for Language Mediators, (SSML), the Institutes in Psychotherapy Specialisation and the Institutions authorised to issue Higher Artistic, Musical and Dance Training qualifications according to art. 11 of Presidential Decree 08/07/2005, n. 212, will communicate to the respective diplomatic-consular Missions all information relating to the duration and nature of the course in question.

Both in cases where admission tests are contemplated, but such tests do not require a physical presence in Italy, and in cases where the student must be physically present for the admission test, the diplomatic-consular Missions are responsible for issuing a STUDY visa, in line with the start and duration of the course or, in the second case, with the timing of the entrance tests. In the event of a favourable outcome of the above tests, the candidate can proceed with the subsequent enrolment in the course, **without needing to return to the country of origin.**

As far as proficiency in the Italian language is concerned, the same dispositions as for the university sector apply.

---

32 Cf. note 11.
33 Cf. note 11.
1. General Instructions

To enter Diploma accademico di primo livello courses and Diploma accademico di secondo livello courses, offered by the AFAM Institutions, one should refer to the provisions which discipline access to Laurea and Laurea Magistrale courses at university Institutions.

The electronic procedure of “pre-enrolment application” available on the UNIVERSITALY website for the evaluation of candidates for higher education courses, implemented by these provisions only for universities, will be extended to the AFAM Institutions starting from the provisions referring to the academic year 2021-2022.

2. Specific Directions

The pre-enrolment to be performed for courses organised by the institutions belonging to the AFAM system must be carried out directly at the diplomatic-consular Missions. For institutions wishing to use it, there is the transitory possibility of pre-enrolment with a special regime, carrying out a preliminary assessment and producing the relevant Letter of eligibility for enrolment according to Model D.

The list of courses and of the corresponding quota of reserved places, for each AFAM Institution, for non-European Union citizens residing abroad, an integral part of the provisions, can be consulted on the website at http://afam.miur.it/studentistranieri/, and this list will also be published by the AFAM Institutions.

Any communication regarding the AFAM sector, whether on the part of the academic institutions or on the part of the Missions, should be addressed to the Ministry for Universities and Research (MUR) – Office for the Internationalisation of Higher Education - Via Michele Carcani, 61 – 00153 ROMA. In particular, the lists of foreign candidates admitted to courses must be forwarded, as well as the lists of the candidates actually enrolled.

The AFAM sector institutions for whatever communication regarding non-European Union citizens residing abroad must contact the relevant Italian Diplomatic-consular Missions directly, the addresses for which are available on the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and International Co-operation website (http://www.esteri.it/mae/it/ministero/laredipломатическая/).

* * *

34 That is to say: the Academies of Fine Arts, The National Dance Academy, the National Dramatic Arts Academy, the Legally Recognised Academies of Fine Arts, the Music Conservatories, the State-Recognised Music Institutes and the Higher Institutes for Artistic Industries, which in Italy are the institutions authorised to issue qualifications of Higher artistic, musical and dance education, as established by Art. 11 of Presidential Decree n. 212 of 8.7.2005.
ATTACHMENT I

Valid foreign qualifications for enrolment in higher education institutions

With regard to the evaluation of foreign school qualifications suitable for access to first cycle courses in Italy (upper secondary school diplomas), it is noted that, due to the COVID-19 emergency, many foreign countries have adopted exceptional measures in order to guarantee the completion of the school cycles and the award of the relative final qualifications. The Italian higher education institutions are therefore invited to apply the criteria established by the Lisbon Convention for the aforementioned cases, or the recognition of the same academic rights that a given final school qualification officially confers in the foreign reference system, unless proven substantial differences exist, including reference to the duration of the overall pre-university schooling required in Italy, which is confirmed to be twelve years. All of the above also in consideration of the provisions of the recent Law of 6th June 2020, n. 41 “Conversion into law, with amendments, of the decree law of 8th April 2020, n. 22, containing urgent measures on the regular conclusion and the orderly start of the school year and on the holding of the state exams” where in article 1, paragraph 7 we find the following indication: “If the exams referred to in this paragraph do not end in an appropriate timeframe, limited to the academic year 2020/2021, the subjects referred to in this paragraph participate in the admission tests to the limited quota degree courses as well as in other tests provided by universities, higher artistic, musical and dance institutions and other post-diploma higher education institutions provisionally, subject to passing the final state exam of the second cycle of schooling. The provisions referred to in the third paragraph also apply to candidates from a foreign education system who have not obtained an appropriate qualification for access to higher education in time to participate in the relative access tests, where required. In the period between the ordinary session of the state exams and the conclusion of the extraordinary session referred to in the first paragraph, candidates who have not sat the final state exam of the second cycle of schooling can also participate in public competition procedures, selections and qualification procedures, however named, for which the upper secondary school diploma is required, subject to passing the aforementioned state exam, without prejudice to the provisions of article 3, paragraph 6, of the legislative decree 29 May 2017, n. 95”.

1. QUALIFICATIONS AWARDED AFTER A PERIOD OF SCHOOLING OF AT LEAST 12 YEARS

These qualifications are valid for access to Laurea courses and single-cycle Laurea Magistrale degree courses at Italian universities and to Diploma accademico di primo livello courses at AFAM institutions, as long as they allow access to universities in the country where issued and to a course similar to that chosen in Italy. These qualifications allow the continuation of studies in Italian higher education institutions if they have been awarded on the basis of at least the last two years of attendance with a positive result in the foreign education system. It will be the responsibility of the higher education institutions to perform this evaluation taking into account the entire scholastic education followed, in line with the national and international regulations in force, and on the basis of their autonomy.

As a general principle, the Italian higher education institutions will also take into account the access requirements required in the foreign reference systems, including any thresholds and/or minimum
grade requirements, the level of education achieved and the presence of curricular components relating to specific subjects/disciplines, in consideration of their number, their nature and content, all this without prejudice to the following specific cases in points 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5.

The Italian higher education institutions may still request additional admission requirements, in line with their own regulations and with the chosen course of study.

In the calculation of the twelve years, the pre-school year may be taken into consideration, where applicable and officially recognised as an integral part of the education path at a national level, on the condition that the attendance of this year is compulsory and an integral part of the curriculum and that the programme foresees the teaching of reading and writing of the language of the country, and the initial notions of arithmetic.

2. QUALIFICATIONS AWARDED AFTER A PERIOD OF SCHOOLING OF LESS THAN 12 YEARS

In order to compensate for any missing years of schooling, where it is necessary to evaluate qualifications obtained at the end of a school education of less than 12 years, higher education institutions may alternatively request:

1. The academic transcripts certifying the passing of all the exams foreseen for the first year of university studies in the case of the eleven-year local school system, or the academic transcripts certifying the passing of all the exams scheduled for the first two academic years in the case of a ten-year local school system.
2. An official Italian or foreign post-secondary study qualification obtained in a non-university higher education institution in a subject related to the chosen course, lasting one year in the case of an eleven-year local school system, or two years in the case of a ten-year local school system, respectively.
3. Certificates from other Italian universities regarding the completion of a foundation course which compensates for the years of missing education.
4. Certificates awarded in-house relating to the passing of foundation courses, including those of less than one academic year, which give adequate knowledge, competences and skills to attend the chosen course of study within the same institution.

The aforementioned additional and complementary certifications to secondary school qualifications obtained after less than twelve years of schooling allow, in Italy, only the enrolment in the first academic year and cannot be further evaluated for enrolment with a course abbreviation, in order to avoid the double evaluation of the same qualifications.

The certifications for passing foundation courses can also be used in order to fill those additional requirements required for entry to the courses, which are different from the years of schooling, but in no case can they remedy the absence of a “Diploma of upper secondary school or other qualification obtained abroad, recognised as acceptable” (Ministerial Decree 270/2004 and Presidential Decree 212/2005) or the passing of any academic qualification test that may be required for access to University in the Country of origin.
3. TITLES AWARDED BY UNIVERSITY INSTITUTES OF ECCLESIASTICAL STUDIES LOCATED IN ITALY AND APPROVED BY THE HOLY SEE

Pending implementation of the recent "Agreement between the Italian Republic and the Holy See for the Application of the Lisbon Convention on the recognition of qualifications relating to higher education in the European Region" of 13th February 2019, and pending further indications in this regard, these titles must be endorsed by the competent ecclesiastical authorities. Candidates with such authenticated qualifications need only present a copy of the qualification to the University in question and produce the original after the admission tests, at the time of a consequent actual enrolment.

4. UNITED STATES HIGH SCHOOL QUALIFICATION

Students holding a High School Diploma (HSD) who have passed at least three US "Advanced Placements" (APs) with a score from 3 to 5, in three different subjects and related to the university course selected can be enrolled in the first academic year. The holding of an "AP" in Italian will be a mandatory requirement only for students with foreign citizenship. An "AP" in Italian will not be acceptable in the case of students with Italian citizenship or in the case of enrolment in courses taught entirely in English. These qualifications allow the continuation of studies in Italian higher education institutions if they have been awarded on the basis of at least the last two years of attendance, with a positive outcome, in the foreign education system.

It will be the responsibility of the higher education institutions to perform the evaluation of qualifications taking into account the entire education path followed, in line with the national and international regulations in force, and on the basis of their autonomy.

Students in possession of a High School Diploma which is followed and supplemented by two full years of a further "College" course (Associate degree) can also be enrolled. This enrolment will be possible even if the attendance of the course following the award of the High School Diploma qualification takes place in university institutions of a third country. In this case, the competent academic bodies of the Italian higher education institutions evaluate the overall adequacy of the study path itself, which cannot in any case last less than one year.

5. UNITED KINGDOM QUALIFICATIONS

The final qualifications called General Certificate of Education (GCE) and International General Certificate of Education (IGCE), issued by official certification bodies of the United Kingdom, allow enrolment if they certify that at least three subjects have been passed at an advanced level (A level) relevant to the course of study requested, with at least a minimum grade (passing grade). The presence of an A level in Italian will be required only for students with foreign citizenship, therefore it cannot be counted as part of the three A levels required in the case of students with Italian citizenship or in the case of enrolment in courses taught entirely in English.

A combination of 3 different subjects can also be evaluated between A level and Cambridge Pre-U Principal Subjects. The Cambridge Pre-U Diploma, composed of 3 Principal Subjects + Global
Perspective and Research, can be evaluated by institutions of higher education as an alternative to the 3 "A levels" for access to first cycle degrees. It is understood that the presence of an A level or a Pre-U Principal Subject in Italian will be requested only of students with foreign citizenship, so it cannot be counted as part of those required in the case of students with Italian citizenship or in the case of enrolment in courses taught entirely in English.

The final Diplomas awarded by the British schools listed in Attachment 2 - point 3, are valid for enrolment at Italian universities in accordance with and following the specific conditions set by the agreements signed between Italy and Great Britain.

Scottish qualifications can be accepted for enrolment if they certify the passing of at least three Advanced Highers or, alternatively, 2 Advanced Highers and at least 4 Highers.
PROCEDURES FOR ENTRY, RESIDENCY AND ENROLMENT AT HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS FOR STUDENTS REQUIRING VISAS FOR HIGHER EDUCATION COURSES IN ITALY, FOR THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2020-2021

ATTACHMENT 2

Italian upper secondary school diplomas, i.e. school leaving qualifications from foreign or international schools

1. five-year upper secondary school diploma
2. upper secondary school diploma lasting four years only if awarded by Italian state and state-recognised schools abroad

QUALIFICATIONS AWARDED BY “BORDER SCHOOLS”

The qualifications obtained at publicly run "border schools" where teaching is conducted in Italian (see list below) must be valid in the country to which they refer for the same courses for which enrolment at university is requested in Italy.

CROATIA
Under the jurisdiction of Consolato Generale d'Italia in Fiume:
- Scuola Media Superiore Italiana " Srednja Talijanska Skola", Via E.Barcic, 6 - 51000 Fiume;
- Scuola Media Superiore Italiana "Srednja Talijanska Skola", Madulinska 3 - 52000 Pola;
- Scuola Media Superiore Italiana "Srednja Talijanska Skola", Via G. Carducci - 52210 Rovigno;

SLOVENIA
Under the jurisdiction of Consolato Generale d'Italia in Capodistria:
- Ginnasio "G. R. Carli", Piazzale del Ginnasio, 7 - Capodistria;
- Ginnasio "Antonio Sema" – Pirano - Via tra gli Orti, 8 - Portorose;
- Scuola Media "Pietro Coppo", Via Zustovic, sn - Isola.

SWITZERLAND
Under the jurisdiction of Consolato Generale d'Italia in Lugano:
- All upper secondary schools that award the federal secondary school leaving qualification;
- Cantonal secondary schools of Bellinzona, Locarno, Lugano I, Lugano II and Mendrisio that award secondary school leaving qualifications A,B,C,D,E;
- Scuola Cantonale di Maturità Commerciale di Bellinzona (valid for all faculties EXCEPT courses in Medicine and Surgery, Veterinary Science, Dentistry and Pharmacology).
- Scuola Universitaria Professionale della Svizzera Italiana (SUPSI).

Under the jurisdiction of Consolato d'Italia in Coira:
- Liceo Cantonale di Coira;
- Scuola privata "Lyceum alpinum" di Zuoz.

TITLES AWARDED BY THE EUROPEAN SCHOOLS REFERRED TO IN THE LAW OF MARCH 6th 1996 No. 151 "Ratification and execution of the convention on the statute of the European schools, with annexes, made in Luxembourg on June 21st 1994" and IN
ALLEGATO 2

THE LAW OF 20th JUNE 1978, N. 400 "Ratification and execution of the additional protocol to the protocol of April 13th, 1962 concerning the creation of European schools, signed in Luxembourg on December 15th, 1975".

BELGIUM:
- Brussels I (Av. du Vert Chasseur, 46 B-1180 Bruxelles)
- Brussels II (Av.Oscar Jespers, 75 B-1200 Bruxelles)
- Brussels III (Boulevard du Triomphe, 151 B-1050 Bruxelles)
- Brussels IV (Drève Sainte-Anne, 86 B -1020 Bruxelles)
- Mol (Europawijk,100 B-K 2400 Mol)

GERMANY:
- Frankfurt (Praunheimer Weg 126 D-60439 Frankfurt am Main)
- Karlsruhe (Albert Schweitzer Str. 1, D-76139 Karlsruhe)
- Munich (Elise Aulinger Str. 21, D-81739 Munchen)

ITALY:
- Varese ( VIA Montello 118 – 21100 Varese)
- “Scuola per l'Europa” di Parma – accredited European school (Strada Aurelio Saffi, 8 – 43121 Parma)
- “Liceo Fermi Monticelli - European High School Brindisi” - accredited European school (Via Nicola Nardi 14-22 – 72100 Brindisi)

LUXEMBOURG:
- Luxembourg I (Boulevard Konrad Adenauer, 23 L-1115 Luxembourg Kirchberg)
- Luxembourg II (6, Rue de Gaston Thorn L-8268 Bertrange-Mamer)

NETHERLANDS:
- Bergen (Molenweidtje 5 – 1862 BC Bergen N-H)

UNITED KINGDOM:
- Culham ( Thame Lane – Culham - Abingdon, Oxfordshire OX 14 3DZ)

SPAIN:
- Alicante (Avenida Locutor Vicente Hipolito, s/n 03540, San Juan Plaja – Alicante).

QUALIFICATIONS AWARDED BY BRITISH, FRENCH, SPANISH, SWISS AND GERMAN SCHOOLS OPERATING IN ITALY

The final diplomas of the British schools (“St. George's British International School”, “The New School” of Rome and “Sir James Henderson School” of Milan), of the French high
schools ("Chateaubriand" of Rome, "Stendhal" of Milan and "Jean Giono" of Turin), of the Spanish High School ("Cervantes"), of the Swiss schools (Swiss School of Rome and Swiss School of Milan) and of the German schools ("Deutsche Schulen" of Milan, Genoa and Rome) are valid for enrolment in Italian universities pursuant to and under the specific conditions provided for in the agreements concluded between Italy and Great Britain, France, Spain, Switzerland and the Federal Republic of Germany respectively.

Candidates in possession of a qualification issued by one of these schools can enrol at University with the exemption from the Italian language proficiency test, where Italian appears as a foreign language among the subjects of study of the secondary school, and the relative exams have been passed.

FINAL QUALIFICATIONS OF SECONDARY SCHOOL INSTITUTIONS OF THE REPUBLIC OF SAN MARINO

The final diplomas of the secondary school institutions of the Republic of San Marino are equivalent in all legal effects to the corresponding upper secondary school qualifications of the Italian school system, pursuant to art. 1 of the Intergovernmental Agreement signed in San Marino on February 28th, 1983 (Law of ratification and execution 18.10.1984, no. 760) and the relative integration introduced by the Exchange.

INTERNATIONAL BACCALAUREATE (IB)

The Diploma of the International Baccalaureate awarded at the following listed schools to pupils who have followed the study plans referred to in Annex "A" connected to the Ministerial Decrees (MPI) indicated alongside them gives the right to enrolment in Laurea or single cycle Laurea Magistrale degree courses at Italian universities with exemption from the preliminary examination of Italian language proficiency and outside the specific quota of places reserved for non-EU candidates residing abroad, provided that a study plan which includes the Italian language and the following general requirements are met:

- at least 24 points in six subjects of choice, 12 of which must be obtained at "Higher Level";
- pass awarded in the three principal subjects: Theory of Knowledge (TOK), Creativity, Action, Service (CAS) e Extended Essay (EE).

IB courses alone, held at educational institutions accredited for the award of the Diploma of the International Baccalaureate, before an IB Diploma Program Course Results certification, a Migration Certificate, or other certification issued independently by the educational institution
PROCEDURE PER L’INGRESSO, IL SOGGIORNO E L’IMMATRICOLAZIONE DEGLI STUDENTI RICHIEDENTI VISTO, RELATIVE AI CORSI DELLA FORMAZIONE SUPERIORE IN ITALIA, PRESSO LE ISTITUZIONI DELLA FORMAZIONE SUPERIORE VALIDE PER L’ANNO ACCADEMICO 2020-2021

ALLEGATO 2

which does not belong to the national reference system are issued, are not final qualifications and therefore must not be considered suitable for access to higher education.

The diplomas issued by these educational institutions are valid for enrolment in Italian universities provided that the students in possession of the diploma in question have been admitted to the International Baccalaureate course after having obtained the promotion or the eligibility for the penultimate year of the upper secondary school in accordance with the school system of origin (i.e. the 11th class or 12th class of overall schooling depending on whether, respectively, the school system of origin is organised over 12 years or 13 years of total schooling). In the event that the International Baccalaureate Diploma has been awarded after 11 years of overall schooling, higher education institutions must request a compensation for the missing year as indicated in Annex 1.

1. Aloha College - Malaga (Spain) (D.M. 19.10.2004);
2. Abu Dhabi International Private School – United Arab Emirates (D.D. 05.08.2011);
3. American British Academy - Muscat (Oman) (D.M. 21.10.94);
4. American Community School, Hillingdon (G.B.) (D.M. 20.5.96);
5. American Community Schools of Athens (D. M. 26.02.99);
6. American Cooperative School of Tunis – (Tunisia) (D.M. 17.10.2006);
7. American International School - Riyadh (Saudi Arabia) (24.06.2004);
9. American International School of Budapest (Hungary) (D. M. 26.02.99);
10. American Overseas School of Rome, Rome (Italy) (D.M.8.4.1994)(D.D.20.03.2014);
11. American School of Milan, Noverasco di Opera (MI-Italy) (D.M. 23.10.92);
12. American School of Paris, Saint Cloud- Paris (France) (D.M. 27.12.95);
13. Amman Baccalaureate School – Sweileh (Jordan) (D. M. 26.02.99);
14. Anatolia College – Thessaloniki (Greece) (D.M. 08.05.2002);
15. Anglican International School – Jerusalem (Israel) (D.D. 27.01.2014);
16. Asociación Educacional Williamson Newton College – Lima (Peru) (D.M. 05.05.2004) (D.M. 31.10.2006);
17. Asociación Escuelas Lincoln, La Lucila, Buenos Aires (Argentina) (D. M. 22.04.98);
18. Asociacieo Escola Graduada de Sao Paulo- Graded School – Sao Paulo (Brazil) (D.M. 06.02.2007);
19. Atlanta International School, Atlanta (Georgia - USA) (D.M. 2.10.94);
20. Atlantic Community High School, Delray Beach, (Florida – U.S.A.) (D.M. 16.4.99);
21. Bavarian International School – Haimhausen (Germany) (D.M. 03.04.2006);
22. Bonn International School – Bonn (Germany) (D.M. 15.03.2007);
23. Beijing Biss International School - Beijing (China) (D.M. 24.06.2004);
24. Beijing World Youth Academy – Beijing (China) (D.M. 24.04.2007);
25. Berg Videregående Skole, Oslo (Norway) (D.M. 29.7.97);
26. Bethesda-Chevy Chase High School – Bethesda, Maryland (USA) (D.M. 05.12.2006);
27. Bilkent University Preparatory School – Bilkent (Ankara – Turkey) (D.M. 17.02.2004);
28. Bishop Mackenzie International School – Lilongwe (Malawi) (D.M. 24.02.2005);
PROCEDURE PER L’INGRESSO, IL SOGGIORNO E L’IMMATRICOLAZIONE DEGLI STUDENTI RICHIEDENTI VISTO, RELATIVE AI CORSI DELLA FORMAZIONE SUPERIORE IN ITALIA, PRESSO LE ISTITUZIONI DELLA FORMAZIONE SUPERIORE VALIDE PER L’ANNO ACCADEMICO 2020-2021

ALLEGATO 2

29. Brentwood School – Brentwood Essex (UK) (D.D. 24.06.2008);  
30. British International School of Oslo, Oslo (Norway) (D.M. 27.12.95);  
31. British School of Washington – Washington (USA) (D.M. 27.01.2014);  
32. Cairo American College – Cairo (Egypt) (D. M. 26.02.99);  
33. Campion School – Athens (Greece) (D.M. 24.06.2004);  
34. Canadian Academy – Higashinada-ku – Kobe (Japan) (D.M. 08.11.99);  
35. Cats College Canterbury – Canterbury (UK) (D.D.18.06.2013);  
36. Colegio Internacional de Caracas, Las Minas de Baruta (Estado Miranda-Venezuela) (D.M. 21.10.94);  
37. Collegio del Mondo Unito di Duino Aurisina, Trieste (Italy) (D.M. 2.8.1984);  
38. College del Mundo Costa Rica – Santa Ana – (Costa Rica) (D.D. 07.11.2008);  
40. Copenhagen International School - Hellerup (Denmark) (D.M. 29.11.2004);  
41. Costeas Gitons School – Greece (D.M. 11.03.2002);  
42. Dallam School – Milnthorpe (UK) (D.I. 28.12.2011);  
43. Danube International School – Vienna (Austria) (D.M. 20.01.2003);  
44. Deledda International School – Genoa (Italy) (D.M. 18.07.2002);  
45. Doukas School – Athens (Greece) (D.M. 08.02.2005);  
46. Druga Gimnazija Sarajevo – Bosnia Herzegovina (D.M. 21.04.2008);  
47. Dulwich College Beijing – Beijing (China) (D.D. 08.08.2008);  
48. Dwight School Seoul – Seoul – (South Korea) (D.D. 14.02.2014);  
49. École Active Bilingue Jeannine Manuel, Paris (D.M. 23.4.1994);  
50. École International Arc-en-Ciel – Lomé - Togo (Africa) (D.M. 16.06.2006);  
51. École Nouvelle de la Suisse Romande - Lausanne (Switzerland) (D.M. 28.09.2007);  
52. Escola Americana do Rio de Janeiro – Rio de Janeiro (Brazil) (D.M. 18.03.2003);  
53. Escola Maria Imaculada Chapel School – San Paolo (Brazil (D.D. 26.11.2011);  
54. Escuela Campo Alegre – Caracas (Venezuela) (D.M. 05.04.2004);  
55. Frankfurt International School – Oberursel (Germany) (D.M. 02.08.2002);  
56. Geitona School, Athens (Greece) (D.M. 26.2.98);  
57. George School, Newton (PA - USA) (D.M. 21.10.94);  
58. Gimnazija Bezigrad – Lubljna (Slovenia) (D.M. 18.04.2002);  
59. Gimnazija Kranj – Kranj – (Slovenia) (D.D. 13.06.2012);  
60. Helsingin Suomalainen Yhteiskoulu, Helsinki (Finland) (D.M. 24.03.2003);  
61. Het Rijnlands Lyceum, Oegstgeest – Netherlands (D.M. 05.10.99);  
62. Hirschi Math-Science Magnet High School – Texas (USA) (D.M. 09.10.2007);  
63. Hockerill Anglo-European College, Bishop’s Stortford-Hertfordshire (UK) (D.M.27.03.00)  
64. ICARDA International School of Aleppo, Aleppo (Syria) (D.M. 26.2.98);  
66. Impington Village College, Cambridge (UK) (D.M. 18.12.97);  
67. Institut Le Rosey – Chateau du Rosey – 1180 Rolle (Switzerland) (11.12.00);  
68. Institut Montana – Zugerberg (Switzerland) (D.M. 17.07.2003);  
69. International Academy- Bloomfield Hills-Michigan (USA) (D.M. 12.05.2006);
PROCEDURE PER L’INGRESSO, IL SOGGIORNO E L’IMMATRICOLAZIONE DEGLI STUDENTI
RICHIEDENTI VISTO, RELATIVE AI CORSI DELLA FORMAZIONE SUPERIORE IN ITALIA, PRESSO LE
ISTITUZIONI DELLA FORMAZIONE SUPERIORE VALIDE PER L’ANNO ACCADEMICO

2020-2021

ALLEGATO 2

70. International Bilingual School of Provence – Luynes-Aix en Provence (France) (D.M. 15.02.2006);
71. International College Spain, La Moraleja - Madrid (Spain) (D.M. 20.5.96);
72. International Community College-International School of London, London (UK) (D.M. 27.12.95);
73. International High School of F.A.I.S. – San Francisco (USA) (D.M. 23.06.2006);
74. International School Basel – Reinach (Switzerland) (D.D. 07.10.2009);
75. International School Hannover Region - Hannover (Germany) (D.M. 31.03.2003);
76. International School Saussanne – Pully (Switzerland) (D.M. 29.01.2003);
77. International School of Athens (formerly Tasis Hellenic International School) – P.O. Box 51051, 145 10 Kifissia (Greece) (D.M. 14.02.2001 – D.D. 27.02.2009);
78. International School of Berne – Gumligen (Switzerland) (D.M. 04.12.2006);
79. International School of Bratislava – Bratislava (Slovakia) (D.M. 07.04.2005);
80. International School of Geneva (Geneva) (D. M. 26.02.99);
81. International School of Kuala Lumpur, Kuala Lumpur (Malaysia) (D.M. 27.12.95 e 26.02.99);
82. International School of Luxembourg (Luxembourg) (D.D. 19.12.2011);
83. International School of Milan, Milan (Italy) (D.M. 23.10.92);
84. International School of Nice, Nice (France) (D.M. 26.2.98);
85. International School of Panama – El Dorado (Panama) (D.M. 12.05.2003);
86. International School of Paris, Paris (France) (D.M. 17.02.2004);
87. International School of Prague – Prague (Czech Republic) (D.M. 09.06.2003);
88. International School of Rheintal – Buchs (Switzerland) (D.D. 15.09.2009);
89. International School of Sophia Antipolis Centre International de Valbonne, Valbonne (France) (D.M. 20.5.96);
90. International School of Sotogrande – Sotogrande (Spain) (D.M. 06.06.2007);
91. International School of Stavanger, Hafsfjord (Norway) (D.M. 29.7.97);
92. International School of Stuttgart – Sigmaringer Strasse 257-70597 Stuttgart – Germany (D.M. 18.12.00);
93. International Shool of Tanganyka – Dar es Salaam (Tanzania) (D.M. 19.05.2005);
94. International School of Turin - Chieri (Turin) (D.M. 23.10.92 – D.M. 03.12.2012);
95. International School Eindhoven – Eindhoven (Netherlands) (D.D. 07.02.2018);
96. International School of Modena located at Montale Rangona (D.M. 16.02.2017);
97. Islands International School, Buenos Aires (Argentina) (D.M. 23.4.1994 – (D.D. 07.05.2012);
98. Istituto “Haileybury” – Hertford (UK) (D.M. 20.01.2003);
99. Istituto “O.M.C. – Collegio Vescovile Pio X located in Treviso di Borgo Cavour n.40 (D.M. 23.03.2016);
100. Jeanne d’Arc College Maastricht, Maastricht (Netherlands) (D.M. 18.12.97);
101. Jakarta International School – Jakarta (Indonesia) (D.M. 26.08.2002);
102. Joensuun Lyseon Lukio-Koskikatu 8, FIN 80100 Joensuu (Finland) (D.M. 28.02.01);
103. Kent College Canterbury located in Canterbury, Kent CT2 9DT - UK (D.M. 19.06.2017);
104. Khartoum International Community School – Khartoum – Sudan (D.M. 07.04.2008);
PROCEDURE PER L’INGRESSO, IL SOGGIORNO E L’IMMATRICOLAZIONE DEGLI STUDENTI RICHIEDENTI VISTO, RELATIVE AI CORSI DELLA FORMAZIONE SUPERIORE IN ITALIA, PRESSO LE ISTITUZIONI DELLA FORMAZIONE SUPERIORE VALIDE PER L’ANNO ACCADEMICO 2020-2021

ALLEGATO 2

105. Kingholmens Gymnasium, Stockholm (Sweden) (D.M. 21.10.92);
106. King Edward’s School Witley – Godalming (UK) (D.D. 12.02.2013);
108. Kolegium Europejskie- Krakow (Poland) (D.M. 23.10.2006);
109. Kyiv International School – Kiev (Ukraine) (D.M. 08.03.2007);
110. Lester B. Pearson College of the Pacific, Victoria (British Columbia - Canada) (D.M. 21.10.94);
111. Leysin American School – Leysin (Switzerland) (D.M. 15.10.2003);
112. Li Po Chun United World College of Hong Kong, Hong Kong (D.M. 27.12.95);
113. Liceum Ogolnokształcące – Wrocław (Poland) (D.M. 29.07.2003);
114. Lyceum Alpinum Zuoz (Switzerland) (D.M. 23.9.99);
115. Malvern College – Malvern, Worcestershire (UK) (D.M. 1.7.99);
116. Markham College – Lima (Peru) (D. M. 26.02.99);
117. Marymount International School, London (UK) (D.M.03.03.2003);
118. Marymount International School, Rome (Italy) (D.M. 23.10.92);
119. MEF International School Istanbul – Istanbul (Turkey) (D.M. 13.06.2011);
120. Munich International School, Starnberg (Germany) (D.M. 23.10.92);
121. Mutuelle D’Études Secondaires – Geneva (Switzerland) (D.M. 12.06.2003);
122. Nanjing International School – Chahaaer Lu 90 – Nanjing 210003 China (D.M. 18.12.00);
123. Nelson Mandela State International School Berlin – Berlin (Germany) (D.M. 06.03.2006);
124. New International School of Thailand, Bangkok (Thailand) (D.M. 18.11.99);
125. Northern International School – Buenos Aires (Argentina) (D.M. 07.06.2005 – D.D. 07.05.2012);
127. Oakham School - Rutland (UK) (D.M. 29.01.2003);
128. Oulun Lyseon Luki, Oulu (Finland) (D.M. 08.11.99);
129. Overseas Family School – Singapore (D.M.06.04.2005);
130. Pinewood International School – Thessaloniki (Greece) (D.M.15.03.2005);
131. Psycho College – Athens (Greece) (D.M. 28.07.2005);
132. Princess Anne High School – Virginia, USA (D.D. 12.04.2011);
133. Prva Gimnazija Varazdin – Varazdin (Croatia) (D.D. 28.07.2009);
134. Rancho Buena Vista High School – Vista (California) (D.D. 26.09.2011);
135. Rome International School – (Italy) (D.D. 12.06.2009);
136. Rossal School – Lancashire (UK) (D.D. 03.12.2012);
137. Sagesse High School – Ain Saadeh - Metn (Lebanon) (D.M. 25.02.2004);
138. Saint Maur International School – Yokohama (Japan) (D.M. 19.02.2008);
139. Sandford International School - Addis Abeba (Ethiopia) (D.M. 15.09.2004);
140. San Silvestre School Lima (Peru) (D.M. 27.01.2003);
141. Schule Schloss Salem – Salem (Germany) (D.M. 11.01.2007);
142. Sekolah Ciputa – Surabaya (Indonesia) (D.D. 24.06.2008);
143. Seisen International School, Tokyo (Japan) (D.M. 21.10.94);
144. Seoul Foreign School – Seoul (South Korea) (D.M. 07.02.2003);
145. Sevenoaks School, Sevenoaks (Kent – UK) (D.M. 21.10.94);
PROCEDURE PER L’INGRESSO, IL SOGGIORNO E L’IMMATRICOLAZIONE DEGLI STUDENTI RICHIEDENTI VISTO, RELATIVE AI CORSI DELLA FORMAZIONE SUPERIORE IN ITALIA, PRESSO LE ISTITUZIONI DELLA FORMAZIONE SUPERIORE VALIDE PER L’ANNO ACCADEMICO

2020-2021

ALLEGATO 2

147. Sir James Henderson School – Milan (D.M. 18.04.2008);
148. Southbank The American International School, London (UK) (D.M. 27.12.95);
149. Southern International School – Buenos Aires (Argentina) (D.M. 12.06.2003 – D.D. 07.05.2012);
150. Stockholm International School – Stockholm (Sweden) (D.D. 24.03.2009);
151. Stonyhurst College located in Clitheroe, Lancashire (UK) D.M. 23.03.2016
152. St. Andrew's College, Dublin (Ireland) (D.M. 27.12.95);
153. Southern International School – Buenos Aires (Argentina) (D.M. 12.06.2003 – D.D. 07.05.2012);
154. Stockholm International School – Stockholm (Sweden) (D.D. 24.03.2009);
155. Stonyhurst College located in Clitheroe, Lancashire (UK) D.M. 23.03.2016
156. St. Catherine’s School – Montevideo (Uruguay) (D.M. 12.06.2003 – D.D. 07.05.2012);
157. Stockholm International School – Stockholm (Sweden) (D.D. 24.03.2009);
158. Stonyhurst College located in Clitheroe, Lancashire (UK) D.M. 23.03.2016
159. St. Andrew’s College, Dublin (Ireland) (D.M. 27.12.95);
160. Southern International School – Buenos Aires (Argentina) (D.M. 12.06.2003 – D.D. 07.05.2012);
161. St. Catherine’s School – Montevideo (Uruguay) (D.M. 12.06.2003 – D.D. 07.05.2012);
163. Sir James Henderson School – Milan (D.M. 18.04.2008);
164. Southbank The American International School, London (UK) (D.M. 27.12.95);
165. Southern International School – Buenos Aires (Argentina) (D.M. 12.06.2003 – D.D. 07.05.2012);
166. Stockholm International School – Stockholm (Sweden) (D.D. 24.03.2009);
167. Stonyhurst College located in Clitheroe, Lancashire (UK) D.M. 23.03.2016
168. St. Andrew's College, Dublin (Ireland) (D.M. 27.12.95);
169. Southern International School – Buenos Aires (Argentina) (D.M. 12.06.2003 – D.D. 07.05.2012);
170. Stockholm International School – Stockholm (Sweden) (D.D. 24.03.2009);
171. Stonyhurst College located in Clitheroe, Lancashire (UK) D.M. 23.03.2016
172. St. Andrew’s College, Dublin (Ireland) (D.M. 27.12.95);
173. Southern International School – Buenos Aires (Argentina) (D.M. 12.06.2003 – D.D. 07.05.2012);
174. Stockholm International School – Stockholm (Sweden) (D.D. 24.03.2009);
175. Stonyhurst College located in Clitheroe, Lancashire (UK) D.M. 23.03.2016
176. St. Andrew’s College, Dublin (Ireland) (D.M. 27.12.95);
177. Southern International School – Buenos Aires (Argentina) (D.M. 12.06.2003 – D.D. 07.05.2012);
178. Stockholm International School – Stockholm (Sweden) (D.D. 24.03.2009);
179. Stonyhurst College located in Clitheroe, Lancashire (UK) D.M. 23.03.2016
180. St. Andrew’s College, Dublin (Ireland) (D.M. 27.12.95);
PROCEDURE PER L’INGRESSO, IL SOGGIORNO E L’IMMATRICOLAZIONE DEGLI STUDENTI RICHIEDENTI VISTO, RELATIVE AI CORSI DELLA FORMAZIONE SUPERIORE IN ITALIA, PRESSO LE ISTITUZIONI DELLA FORMAZIONE SUPERIORE VALIDE PER L’ANNO ACCADEMICO 2020-2021

ALLEGATO 2

184. The International School of Florence, Bagno a Ripoli (FI-Italy) (D.M. 23.10.92);
185. The International School of Monaco – 12 Quai Antoine Premier, MC 98000 Monaco (D.M. 23 maggio 2017);
186. The International School of Latvia – Jurmala, Latvia (Latvia) (D.M. 17.10.2006);
187. The International School of The Hague, Den Haag (Netherlands) (D.M. 26.2.98);
188. The Mahindra United World College of India – Pune (D. M. 26.02.99);
189. The Moraitis School Athens (Greece) (D.D. 10.10.2012);
190. The New School, Rome (D. M. 26.02.99);
191. The Prague British School – Prague (Czech Republic) (D.M. 18.09.2007);
192. The Red Cross Nordic United World College, Fjaler (Norway) (D.M.11.6.97);
193. The Village School – Houston-Texas (USA) (D.D. 13.03.2012);
194. Trondheim Katedralskole, Trondheim (Norway) (D.M. 17.01.00);
195. Turun Normaalikoulu - Turku (Finland) (D.M. 15.11.2004);
196. United Nations International School, New York (N.Y.- USA) (D.M. 27.12.95);
197. United World College Mostar – Mostar (Bosnia Herzegovina) (D.D. 15.04.2014);
198. United World College of S.E. Asia, Singapore (D.M. 21.10.94);
199. United World College of Southern Africa, Mbabane (Swaziland – South Africa) (D.M. 21.10.94);
200. United World College of the Atlantic, Major South Glamorgan (UK) (D.M. 21.10.94);
201. Verdala International School – Fort Pembroke St Andrews – Malta (D.M. 23.9.99);
202. Vicenza International School - Contrada S.Marcello 9 36100 Vicenza (Italy) (D.M. 11.1.92-D.M.16.3.94 –D.M.28.2.01);
203. Vienna International School, Vienna (Austria) (D.M. 21.10.94);
204. Vittoria International School – Turin – (Italy) (D.D. 25.02.2010);
205. Warminster School – Wiltshire (UK) (D.D. 27.01.2014);
207. West African College of the Atlantic - Ouakam-Dakar (Senegal) (19.10.2004);
208. Xaverian High School Brooklyn – New York (D.M. 22.6.99);
209. XV Gimnazija – Zagabria (Croatia) (D.M. 29.05.2007);
210. Yew Chung International School of Beijing – Beijing (China) (D.M. 27.06.2006);
211. Yokohama International School, Yokohama (Japan) (D.M. 26.02.98);
212. Windhoek International School – Namibia – (D.M. 29.3.2002);

QUALIFICATIONS OBTAINED AT "ITALIAN SECTIONS" OF FOREIGN SCHOOLS

These qualifications must be valid locally for access to courses similar to those for which university registration is requested in Italy.

ALBANIA

The diplomas valid for enrolment with exemption from the Italian language test are those issued by the following schools, up to the school year 2012/2013:

184. The International School of Florence, Bagno a Ripoli (FI-Italy) (D.M. 23.10.92);
185. The International School of Monaco – 12 Quai Antoine Premier, MC 98000 Monaco (D.M. 23 maggio 2017);
186. The International School of Latvia – Jurmala, Latvia (Latvia) (D.M. 17.10.2006);
187. The International School of The Hague, Den Haag (Netherlands) (D.M. 26.2.98);
188. The Mahindra United World College of India – Pune (D. M. 26.02.99);
189. The Moraitis School Athens (Greece) (D.D. 10.10.2012);
190. The New School, Rome (D. M. 26.02.99);
191. The Prague British School – Prague (Czech Republic) (D.M. 18.09.2007);
192. The Red Cross Nordic United World College, Fjaler (Norway) (D.M.11.6.97);
193. The Village School – Houston-Texas (USA) (D.D. 13.03.2012);
194. Trondheim Katedralskole, Trondheim (Norway) (D.M. 17.01.00);
195. Turun Normaalikoulu - Turku (Finland) (D.M. 15.11.2004);
196. United Nations International School, New York (N.Y.- USA) (D.M. 27.12.95);
197. United World College Mostar – Mostar (Bosnia Herzegovina) (D.D. 15.04.2014);
198. United World College of S.E. Asia, Singapore (D.M. 21.10.94);
199. United World College of Southern Africa, Mbabane (Swaziland – South Africa) (D.M. 21.10.94);
200. United World College of the Atlantic, Major South Glamorgan (UK) (D.M. 21.10.94);
201. Verdala International School – Fort Pembroke St Andrews – Malta (D.M. 23.9.99);
202. Vicenza International School - Contrada S.Marcello 9 36100 Vicenza (Italy) (D.M. 11.1.92-D.M.16.3.94 –D.M.28.2.01);
203. Vienna International School, Vienna (Austria) (D.M. 21.10.94);
204. Vittoria International School – Turin – (Italy) (D.D. 25.02.2010);
205. Warminster School – Wiltshire (UK) (D.D. 27.01.2014);
207. West African College of the Atlantic - Ouakam-Dakar (Senegal) (19.10.2004);
208. Xaverian High School Brooklyn – New York (D.M. 22.6.99);
209. XV Gimnazija – Zagabria (Croatia) (D.M. 29.05.2007);
210. Yew Chung International School of Beijing – Beijing (China) (D.M. 27.06.2006);
211. Yokohama International School, Yokohama (Japan) (D.M. 26.02.98);
212. Windhoek International School – Namibia – (D.M. 29.3.2002);
PROCEDURE PER L’INGRESSO, IL SOGGIORNO E L’IMMATRICOLAZIONE DEGLI STUDENTI RICHIEDENTI VISTO, RELATIVE AI CORSI DELLA FORMAZIONE SUPERIORE IN ITALIA, PRESSO LE ISTITUZIONI DELLA FORMAZIONE SUPERIORE VALIDE PER L’ANNO ACCADEMICO 2020-2021

ALLEGATO 2

Tirana
- Liceo “Asim Vokshi”;
- Liceo “Shejnaze Juka”;
Korca
- Liceo “Faik Konica”.

For the same purposes, the diplomas issued for the academic year 2013/2014 will be valid from the following schools:

Tirana
- Scuola media superiore “Ismail Qemali”
Korca
- Scuola media superiore “Themistokli Gertonji”

For the same purposes, the diplomas issued for the academic year 2013/2014 will be valid from the following schools:

Tirana
- Scuola media superiore “Ismail Qemali”
Korca
- Scuola media superiore “Themistokli Gertonji”
Scutari
- Scuola media superiore “28 Nentori”

(Memorandum of understanding between the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Italian Republic and the Ministry of Education and Science of the Republic of Albania, signed on January 14th, 2011, replacing the Memorandum of April 26th, 2002 - Article 6: “The Diploma and Matures Shtetere, together with the Dichiarazione di valore, issued by the Embassy or Consulate of Italy in Albania, is valid for enrolment in Italian universities, with exemption from the Italian language test, without prejudice to the obligation to pass any admission tests for limited quota degree courses.”)

- Addendum to the Memorandum of 14th January 2011, signed on 7th July 2011: modification of Annex E “Schools, offices of the Italian-Albanian Bilingual Sections”).

BULGARIA

Sophia
- Liceo bilingue di Gorna Banja
(Memorandum of Understanding between the Government of the Italian Republic and the Government of the Republic of Bulgaria signed in Sofia on June 26th, 1996);
- Scuola Media Superiore n. 105 “A. Dalcev” di Sofia;
- Liceo “G.S. Rakovski” di Burgas
- Scuola “Ivan Vazov” di Plovdiv
- Scuola n. 8 “A. Pushkin” di Varna


RUSSIA

Moscow
ALLEGATO 2

Following the annexation of the 136 Moscow School to the 1950 Moscow School, from the 2015-2016 school year diplomas valid for enrolment with exemption from the language test will be issued by the 1950 Moscow School.

Moscow
School 1950


Article 5, paragraph 2, of the Memorandum of Understanding reads: “Graduated students of the bilingual sections in Russia, in the case of the introduction of the twelve-year course of study in the Russian Federation, and graduate students of the bilingual sections in Italy, referred to in the previous articles, may also enrol in universities in the other country without attending special language courses or taking language proficiency tests of that country as well as outside any quotas set for foreign students.

Graduated students of these bilingual sections operating in Russian secondary education schools with eleven-year courses of study, at the end of the first year of university studies at Russian universities can enrol in Italian universities in the first year of the course with exemption from Italian language proficiency test and outside the quotas normally in place for foreign students.”

P.S. Currently in the Russian Federation the diploma is obtained at the end of an 11-year course of study.

FRANCE
Qualification: “Baccalauréat a Option Internationale” – O.I.B (Option Internationale du Baccalauréat)

Ferney Voltaire
Lycée International - Ferney Voltaire

Grenoble
Lycée cité scolaire internationale Europole - Grenoble

Lione
Lycée cité scolaire internazionale – Lyon
PROCEDURE PER L’INGRESSO, IL SOGGIORNO E L’IMMATRICOLAZIONE DEGLI STUDENTI RICHIEDENTI VISTO, RELATIVE AI CORSI DELLA FORMAZIONE SUPERIORE IN ITALIA, PRESSO LE ISTITUZIONI DELLA FORMAZIONE SUPERIORE VALIDE PER L’ANNO ACCADEMICO 2020-2021

ALLEGATO 2

Marsiglia
   Lycée cité scolaire Marseille Veyre Marseille

Nizza
   Lycée International Sophia Antipolis – Valbonne

Parigi
   Lycée International Honoré de Balzac - Paris

Saint-Germain-en-Laye
   Lycée International-Saint-Germain-en-Laye

Strasburg
   Lycée des Pontonniers - Strasburg

GERMANY
(Agreement stipulated through the Exchange of Letters between the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany and the Government of the Italian Republic relating to the establishment of bilingual school sections in the two countries – 26th July 2004 and 14th October 2004. In particular, this Agreement establishes that "The Final diplomas issued by the international sections established under this Agreement allow access to universities both in the Italian Republic and in the Federal Republic of Germany, with exemption from the language tests of the host country and outside the quotas that may be set for foreign students)."

Berlino
   - Liceo “Albert Einstein”
Francoforte
   - Liceo “Freiherr-Vom-Stein”
Monaco
   - Liceo “Rupprecht”
Stoccarda
   - Liceo “Konigin Katharina Stift”
Wolfsburg
   - Liceo “Kreuzheide”

CZECH REPUBLIC
Prague
   - Liceo bilingue "USTAVNI"
PROCEDURE PER L’INGRESSO, IL SOGGIORNO E L’IMMATRICOLAZIONE DEGLI STUDENTI RICHIEDENTI VISTO, RELATIVE AI CORSI DELLA FORMAZIONE SUPERIORE IN ITALIA, PRESSO LE ISTITUZIONI DELLA FORMAZIONE SUPERIORE VALIDE PER L’ANNO ACCADEMICO 2020-2021

ALLEGATO 2

(Executive programme of the Italo-Czechoslovak cultural agreement, signed in Rome on 29th November 1990; Administrative arrangements between the Italian Ministries of Education and Foreign Affairs and the Czech Ministry of Education, signed in Prague on 5th February 1991. The agreement was renewed as annex to the Executive Program 1994-97 signed on December 8th, 1994).

SLOVAKIA
Bratislava
- Liceo bilingue "LADISLAV SARU"
(Executive program of the Italo-Czechoslovak cultural agreement, signed in Rome on 29th November 1990; Administrative arrangements between the Italian Ministries of Education and Foreign Affairs and the Slovak Ministry of Education, signed in Bratislava on 7th February 1991.
The agreement was renewed in Bratislava on April 24th, 2008).

ROMANIA
Bucarest
Liceo “Dante Alighieri”
Liceo “Ion Neculce”
Cluj Napoca
Liceo “Gheorghe Baritiu”
Deva
Liceo “Gruppo Scolastico Transilvania”
This Memorandum was amended with the exchange of Verbal Notes between the Romanian Minister of Education - November 6th, 2007 - and the Italian Embassy in Bucharest - March 26th, 2008).

SWITZERLAND
Zurigo
- Liceo artistico svizzero-italiano "Freudenberg"

HUNGARY
Budapest
- Liceo bilingue “SZENT LASZLO”
ALLEGATO 2


Pécs
- Liceo bilingue "KODALY ZOLTAN"

3. QUALIFICATIONS AWARDED BY “INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL OF TRIESTE”
   (art. 393 of Legislative Decree n. 297/1994)