# DNA motifs for identifying, isolating and assembling the nucleotide sequence of a chromosome centromere

IT2023000028302 filed on 28.12.2023

# **KEYWORDS**

☐ CENTROMERE

☐ HUMAN DNA

☐ GENOME ASSEMBLY

☐ GENETIC BIOMARKER

☐ FINGER PRINTING

#### **AREA**

■ BIOMEDICAL

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# **Patent Type**

Patent for invention.

**Priority Number** 

# Ownership / Co-Ownership

Sapienza University of Rome.

#### **Inventors**

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### **Industrial & Commercial Reference**

Biotechnologies, Genetic start-up, Computational genome assembly technologies.

#### **Time to Market**

TRL is 5.

# **Availability**

Research, Develop-ment, Experimentation, Collaboration, Start-up and Spin-off.

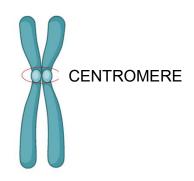


Fig 1. Human chromosome and centromere site

Oxford nanopore technologies



Fig 2. Nanopore long reads sequencing

#### **Abstract**

The invention concerns DNA motifs for identifying, isolating and assembling the nucleotide sequence of a chromosome centromere, in particular, for assessing nucleotide sequence of a chromosome's centromere and the entire human genome. The invention encompasses methods for validation and analyses of these sequences physiological and pathological states. This innovation stands to make significant contributions to the fields of genomic research and diagnostic genetics, offering a novel approach to centromere study and genome assembly.



# **Technical Description**

The present invention represents a novel method and associated computational tools designed for analyzing human chromosomes and centromeres. The use of the patented DNA motifs used as described by the inventors represents marker for characterizing, identifying, isolating, assembling or validating the nucleotide sequence of the centromere of a human chromosome.

## **Technologies & Advantages**

Complete genome reconstruction is technically challenging, also in terms of costs and resources. Our method allows you to assemble, validate and analyze centromeres, among the most complex regions of the human genome. The method is applicable to thousands of samples and is based on the use of sequencing technologies that were not available before 2015 but are starting to become more common in biomedical research and clinics. In the short term, this method will lead to new algorithms and software tools that can be used routinely for biomedical research, especially with a focus on human diseases associated with centromeres. Once validated in large cohorts, application for diagnostic purposes by genetic analysis laboratories (e.g. for cancer research) will follow, with the market for genetic testing constantly growing.

# **Applications**

The method has several applications:

- -Genetic and Genomic Codification of Human Centromeres and whole genome.
- -Extraction of Long DNA Sequencing Reads from Centromeres
- -Chromosomal Origin Determination of DNA Reads
- -Validation of Centromere Sequences and Human Genome Assemblies
- -Guidance for Correct Assembly of Human Centromeres and Genomes
- -Identification of Aberrations and Structural Variations in Centromere DNA.
- -Prediction of Active Centromere Size.
- -Rapid Identification of Genome Assembly Errors

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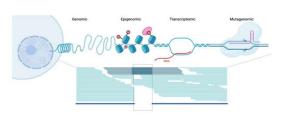


Fig. 3. Assembling reads

#### Human centromere organization of alpha-satellite repeats

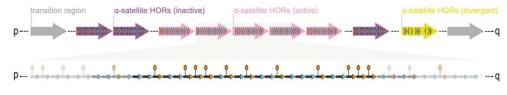


Fig.4 Method

