Bioelectrochemical wastewater treatment coupled to biogas upgrading through $\rm CO_2$ sorption

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KEYWORDS

- BIOMETHANE
- BIOGAS UPGRADING
- WASTEWATER
 TREATMENT
- GREEN HYDROGEN
- □ HYTHANE

AREA

ENERGY & ENVIRONMENT

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Ownership Sapienza University of Rome 100%

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Industrial & Commercial Reference Biogas and biomethane production,

Time to Market

renewable energies market

The proposed invention has been validated in the laboratory with TRL 4

Availability Cession,Research,Development,

Experimentation,



Fig.1 Wastewater treatment, biogas upgrading and renewable energystorage operations using a microbial electrolysis cell.

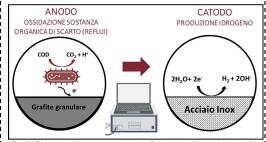


Fig.2 Schematic representation of the anodic and cathodic bioelectrochemical reactions in the microbial electrolysis cell.



digestion biogas upgrading through the use of a gas-liquid absorption column.

Abstract

Object of the invention is a microbial electrolysis cell used for green hydrogen production, wastewater treatment and absorption of CO_2 present in a biogas. The proposed invention is based on the possibility of generating an electric current through the action of electroactive microorganisms that oxidize organic matter by transferring electrons to a cathode for hydrogen production. The production of alkalinity in the catholyte is used for the absorption of CO_2 contained in a biogas, thus enabling the production of biomethane ($CH_4 > 94\%$) or biohydromethane ($CH_4 > 84\%$ H₂ 10%).

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Technical Description

The invention is based on experimental results obtained by the use of an electrolysis cell with two chambers (anode and cathode) separated by a cation exchange membrane (CEM) Within the anode chamber, oxidation of substances contained organic in wastewater takes place, while at the cathode, hydrogen production takes place. The electrolysis cell has been kept polarized by means of a potentiostat. This evidence highlights how it is possible, through adjustment of the CO₂ inlet gas flow rate load, to achieve a high degree of purity of the gas mixture.

Technologies & Advantages

The invention describes an adsorption method of CO₂ present in a biogas by in situ alkalinity generation supported by a biological process to purify wastewater and produce areen hydrogen. Current generation and subsequent ion transport through ion exchange membranes results in progressive acidification of the anolyte and alkalinization of the catholyte. The progressive alkalinization of the catholyte can be exploited to absorb the CO₂ present in the biogas through the cathode compartment integration of a gas-liquid adsorption column. By varying the process configuration, it is possible to obtain $bioCH_4$ and H_2 in two separate lines or to produce a daseous mixture called biohvdromethane consisting of biomethane and hydrogen (at 10 Presenting percent max.). the advantage of faster ignition, lowering nitrogen oxide and CO emissions by 50%.

Applications

The competitive advantage of the invention lies in the valorization of wastes and organic wastes by producing gaseous biofuels through the use of renewable energy. The invention is proposed as a virtuous approach for the purification and upgrading of biogas and the production of biomethane. In addition to biomethane, obtained by removal of CO_2 from biogas, the invention enables the enrichment of biomethane with hydrogen thus obtaining, an innovative biofuel called biohydromethane.

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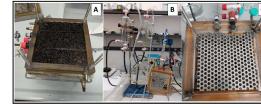
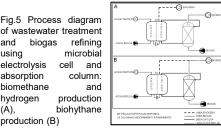


Fig.4 Graphite granules (A), assembled microbial electrolysis cell (B) and stainless-steel cathode (C) of the reactor utilized for the patent deposit)



and biogas

electrolysis

absorption

biomethane

production (B)

hydrogen

using

(A),

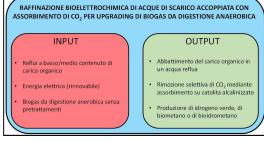


Fig.6 Input (INPUT) and output (OUTPUT) matrices from the proposed invention proposed

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