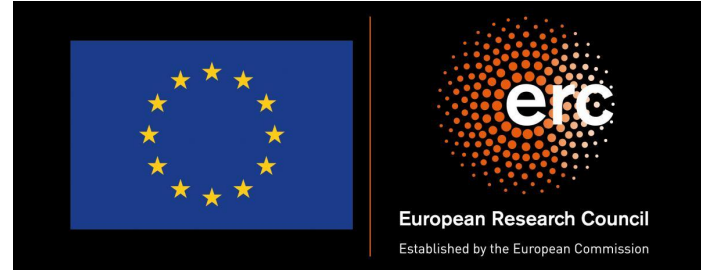
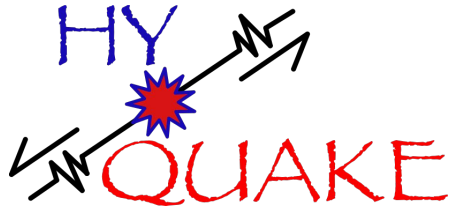


# Hydromechanical coupling in tectonic faults and the origin of aseismic slip, quasi-dynamic transients and earthquake ruptures

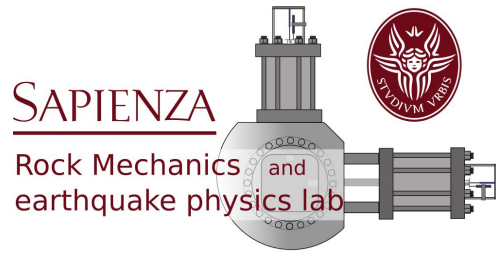


Marco M. Scuderi – Dipartimento di Scienze della Terra



SAPIENZA  
UNIVERSITÀ DI ROMA

<https://marcoscuderi.weebly.com>

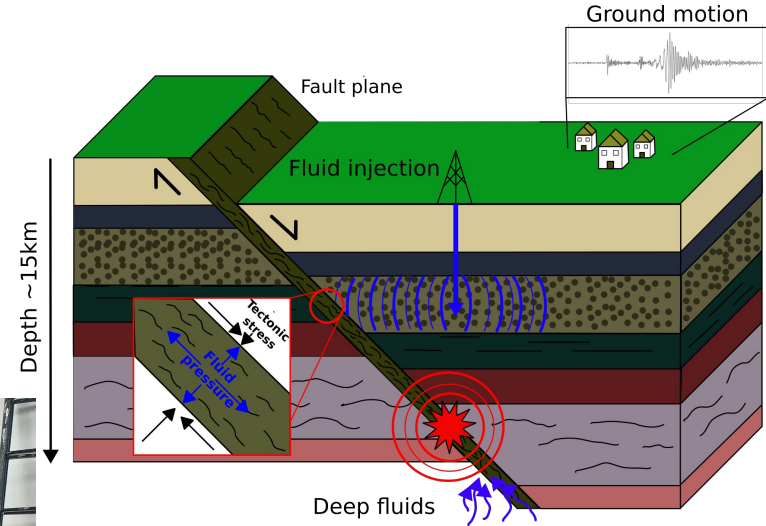
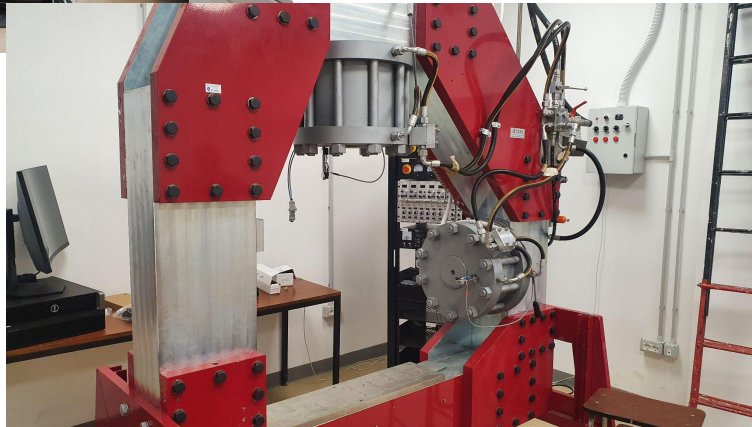


# What do I do?

I am an experimental geophysicist

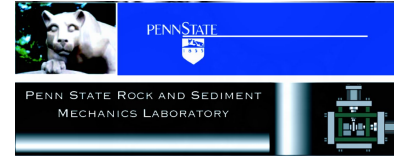


Prototype rock  
mechanics  
apparatuses to  
study the physics  
of earthquakes



# Before the ERC

**2014** PhD The Pennsylvania State University (PA, USA)



**2015-2017** IF Marie Skłodowska-Curie Action



**2017-2018** Post-Doc sponsored by TOTAL



**2018-2021** RTD-B



# Before the ERC

38 Peer reviewed articles – 1109 citation – H-index 20 (source Scopus)

10 invited talks at international meetings ( 3 AGU, 1 EGU)

**(2018)** European Geoscience Union Outstanding young scientist award, EMRP section

**(2020)** American Geophysical Union Early career award, MRP section



## ARTICLE

Received 4 Nov 2015 | Accepted 19 Feb 2016 | Published 31 Mar 2016

DOI: 10.1038/ncomms11104 OPEN

Laboratory observations of slow earthquakes and the spectrum of tectonic fault slip modes



## ARTICLE

<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41467-020-15093-3>

OPEN

Slow-to-fast transition of giant creeping rockslides modulated by undrained loading in basal shear zones



## Precursory changes in seismic velocity for the spectrum of earthquake failure modes

SCIENCE ADVANCES | RESEARCH ARTICLE

### GEOPHYSICS

Stabilization of fault slip by fluid injection in the laboratory and in situ



Evolution of shear fabric in granular fault gouge from stable sliding to stick slip and implications for fault slip mode

## THE IDEA



### Fluid driven fault slip

## Why are we always unprepared when an earthquake strikes?

Our understanding of the physics of earthquake faulting is incomplete.

Aseismic creep

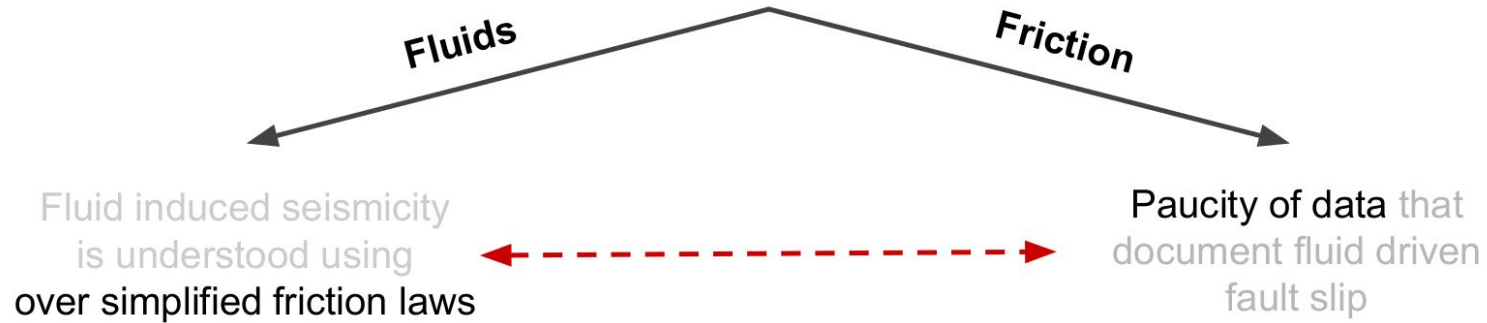


Ground shaking caused by rupture propagation



## THE IDEA

# State-of-the-art



## **HYQUAKE will bridge the knowledge gap**

... toward interpreting earthquake precursors



# WRITING THE GRANT - B1

## Scientific challenges of HYQUAKE

The soul of HYQUAKE is inter- and multi-disciplinary, combining experimental rock physics, seismology, material science and data science to build a novel and innovative understanding of the physical processes at the origin of fluid driven fault slip leading to earthquake rupture. I believe that there are some fundamental questions that need to be addressed:

### **(1) How do faults slip when driven by fluid pressure? (related to WP1)**

To address this question I need to push the technical boundaries of experimental rock physics to reproduce at best the natural P-T boundary conditions under which fluids and fault slip operate. The ability to perform laboratory experiments and measure frictional rheology in a way that illuminates the underlying mechanism at play during fluid induced fault slip is an essential prerequisite for developing truly operational models to understand the seismic risk.

### **(2) How does fault zone structure evolution control fluid distribution during fault slip? (WP2)**

This is a strategic area waiting to be characterized, at the interface between rock mechanics, microtectonics, seismology and fluid flow processes. To validate theoretical models that predict fluid distribution and slip stability within faults we need to understand the intimate relationship between fault zone structure evolution in space and time and permeability anisotropy (i.e. parallel and perpendicular to the shear direction). By measuring the concomitant evolution of fault microphysical processes (i.e. porosity changes due to dilation/compaction) and the fluid pressure distribution (i.e. permeability anisotropy) I will address their effect on the macroscopic (resulting) rheological properties.

### **(3) How can we predict the stress state on a fault during the seismic cycle? (WP3)**

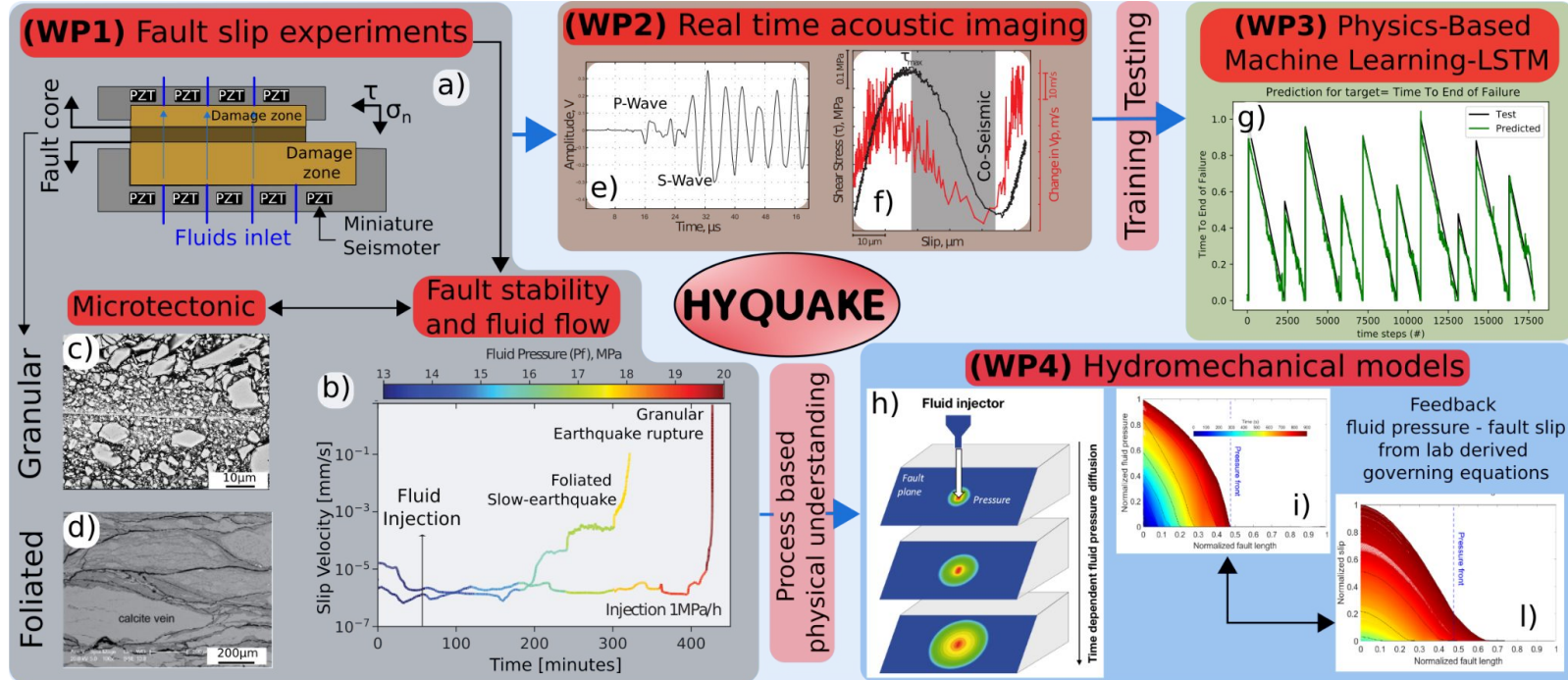
The seismic observation of natural faults has recently revealed that there is an intimate coupling between fluids and stress that is at the root of a rich spectrum of faulting behaviour (60-64). Fine tuned tomography studies have also shown that fluid migration is a fundamental component in the earthquake nucleation and aftershock distribution (e.g., 3,4). Developing new acoustic experimental techniques to image the hidden interaction between fluid pressure and fault motions that arise from the microphysical processes of strain localization is a major challenge that will allow the validation of theoretical concepts. Using these non-destructive, process based, acoustic signals (i.e. P- and S-wave velocity,  $V_p/V_s$  ratio and acoustic transmissivity) to train physics-based machine learning algorithms will give, for the first time, a tool to predict the time to failure of tectonic faults and retrieve constitutive relations for faulting.

### **(4) How does fluid pressure affect the size of an earthquake? (WP4)**

This is a timely problem in geophysics for mitigating the seismic hazard. The up-scaling of physical processes identified in laboratory experiments to applications in natural systems is a strategic issue for anticipating crustal processes. Based on physical concepts inferred from unique laboratory experiments coupled with 3D hydromechanical models I can open the door to predict the in-situ behavior of fluid pressurized faults from tens to hundreds meter scale. These new findings will open the avenue for the development of physically based predictive models quantifying fluid pressure diffusion, aseismic slip, earthquake triggering, and the space-time evolution of seismicity at the crustal scale that are fundamental to improve our understanding of the seismic hazard.

# WRITING THE GRANT - B1

## Scientific challenges of HYQUAKE



Synoptic diagram for the B1



## Evaluation step 1

**Subject: Initial information on the outcome of the evaluation of proposals submitted to the Call for Proposals ERC-2021-STG - Proposal n° 101040600 HYQUAKE**

Dear Applicant,

I am pleased to inform you that the ERC evaluation panels, composed of independent experts, have favourably reviewed your proposal in Step 1 of the evaluation process. We cordially invite you to attend an interview with the evaluation panel.

<b>Date:</b>	The video-conference interviews for your panel will take place from 11/10/2021 to 15/10/2021. Please make sure to keep these days free.
<b>Evaluation panel:</b>	PE10
<b>Interview content:</b>	Interviews will last between 20 and 30 minutes. They will include a short presentation by the applicant and time for questions and answers. The panel meeting will be organised fully remotely.
<b>Link to add your phone number:</b>	<a href="https://ec.europa.eu/eusurvey/runner/ERCSTG2021_phone_numbers_PEdomain">https://ec.europa.eu/eusurvey/runner/ERCSTG2021_phone_numbers_PEdomain</a>


## **The INTERVIEW**

Format: 3 minutes for a presentation and 22 minutes of questions

# The INTERVIEW

Format: 3 minutes for a presentation and 22 minutes of questions

1




Hydro-mechanical coupling in tectonic faults and the origin of aseismic slip, quasi-dynamic transients and earthquake ruptures

Marian M. Sauter<sup>1</sup> – La Sapienza University of Rome

39 peer-reviewed articles – 11015 citations – 14 index 20 (Journal Scopus)  
2 Nature Geoscience, 2 Nature Communications, 2 Science Advances, 1 Geology

2




Fluid driven fault slip

Why are we always unprepared when an earthquake strikes?  
Our understanding of the physics of earthquake faulting is incomplete.

Aseismic creep  
Ground shaking caused by rupture propagation

Hydro-mechanical coupling in tectonic faults and the origin of aseismic slip, quasi-dynamic transients and earthquake ruptures

3




Fluid driven fault slip

How to improve our understanding of earthquake ruptures and fault slip behaviors?

Objective

Build new tools and novel methods to understand the fundamental physical processes that produce the spectrum of fault slip behavior and precursors to failure.

4



Fluid driven fault slip

How to improve our understanding of earthquake ruptures and fault slip behaviors?


Objective

Build new tools and novel methodology to understand the fundamental physical processes that produce the spectrum of fault slip behavior and precursors to failure.

Outcomes

HYQUAKE will produce a comprehensive understanding of how earthquakes nucleate and advance the state-of-the-art for physics based earthquake forecasting.

5



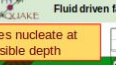
Fluid driven fault slip

Ground motion

Depth ~15km

Deep fluids

6



Fluid driven fault slip


Ground motion

Earthquakes nucleate at inaccessible depth

Depth ~15km

Deep fluids

7



Fluid driven fault slip

Ground motion

Earthquakes nucleate at inaccessible depth

Depth ~15km

Deep fluids

8

State-of-the-art

Fluids

Fluid induced seismicity is understood using over-simplified friction laws

9

State-of-the-art

Friction

Fluid induced seismicity is understood using over-simplified friction laws

Paucity of data that documents fluid driven fault slip

10

State-of-the-art

Fluids

Fluid induced seismicity is understood using over-simplified friction laws

Friction

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11

State-of-the-art

Fluids

Fluid induced seismicity is understood using over-simplified friction laws


Friction

Paucity of data that documents fluid driven fault slip

**HYQUAKE will bridge the knowledge gap**

... toward interpreting earthquake precursors

12



Fluid driven fault slip

Project Development

Game-changing tools for rock deformation WP1

Real time acoustic imaging WP2

Machine learning to advance our understanding of earthquake precursors WP3

3D hydro-mechanical models for seismic hazard WP4


Impact

New infrastructures

State-of-the-art techniques for studying lab earthquakes

New knowledge about earthquake physics, predictability, and georesources

13



Fluid driven fault slip

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Fluid driven fault slip

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Fluid driven fault slip

Project Development

Game-changing tools for rock deformation WP1

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Impact

New infrastructures

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16



Fluid driven fault slip

Project Development

Game-changing tools for rock deformation WP1

Real time acoustic imaging WP2

Machine learning to advance our understanding of earthquake precursors WP3

3D hydro-mechanical models for seismic hazard WP4

Impact

New infrastructures

State-of-the-art techniques for studying lab earthquakes

New knowledge about earthquake physics, predictability, and georesources


17

Fluid flow and fault stability

Sauter et al., 2014, 16 Geo, Sauter et al., 2017, 16 Geo, Sauter et al., 2020, 2020

Fault friction and slip behavior

Sauter et al., 2017, 16 Geo, Sauter et al., 2020, 2020



Why me?

Hydro-mechanical modeling

Geos. Sauter et al., 2019 Science Adv.

Micro-tectonic

Sauter et al., 2017 Geology

Computational geophysics

Sauter et al., 2021 Nature Geoscience

39 peer-reviewed articles – 11015 citations – 14 index 20 (Journal Scopus)  
17 journal talks at international meetings (JAGU, IAGLR)  
1 PhD Thesis (Pennsylvania State University (USA))  
10 PhDs  
14 Master/Doctorate/Postdoc Awards (FEAT) (2018)

# The INTERVIEW

Format: 3 minutes for a presentation and 22 minutes of **questions**

## PI, Team and host institution

- ▶ Will you be able to manage 1.5 M Euros of budget and interact with your host institution?
- ▶ Why should we give you 1.5M euros?
  - ▶ Have you got a management ability?
- ▶ Will you be able to coordinate your team members made of several professors?
- ▶ Will you be able to manage this multidisciplinary research?
- ▶ Which are the high-gains of your research?
- ▶ How is your **ERC** different from the **ERC TECTONIC** already going in your institution
- ▶ How this project will contribute to your scientific independence?
- ▶ Why can't you attain the independence without this project?
- ▶ Can't you find funding in Italy?
- ▶ What is the benefit that the EU will have from the project?
- ▶ Is it possible to predict earthquakes?
- ▶ the % of success of **HYQUAKE**?
- ▶ What is the contingency plan if something goes wrong?
- ▶ Would you be able to obtain the same results without the **ERC** ?
- ▶ What is the most innovative aspect of the research compared to the state of the art?
- ▶ Which two sentences do you hope will be added to a textbook thanks to your **ERC**?
- ▶ Where do you want to be in 5 years?
- ▶ Who are your main competitors?
- ▶ Who are your main collaborators?
- ▶ Why is this work best carried out at your Host Institution, and not e.g. in the USA,...?
- ▶ Describe your team and your recruiting strategy
- ▶ What is your strategy for selection of collaboration partners, e.g. with competitors?
- ▶ Expertise in area X/method Y seems to be missing in your project...?
- ▶ Your interaction with other **ERC** grant holders at the institution?
- ▶ What are your main achievements so far?
- ▶ Why will the **ERC** Grant be crucial for you at this stage?

## The project

- ▶ What would you do if equipment X/PostDoc Nr. 2 were not funded by the **ERC**? (It should be clear from your answer that this would limit the impact of your project as you have carefully planned your budget; you would apply for alternative funding sources,...)
- ▶ What is unique about your project / Originality and ground breaking nature
  - ▶ why is your project timely
  - ▶ Validation of project results: How will you know that you have succeeded? How will you interpret results? E.g. statistical power analysis,...?
  - ▶ What is the key risk of the project? How do you deal with it, what is your plan B?
  - ▶ What is your focus now, what are your priorities?
  - ▶ Would this research not better be funded by industry?
  - ▶ How do you use the rest of your working time?
  - ▶ What are milestones/intermediate goals of your project?
  - ▶ Who is going to develop numerical models and machine learning algorithms?
  - ▶ What about the scale-dependence of the physical processes?
  - ▶ What is the difference between creeping and locked and fast/slow earthquakes?
  - ▶ How do you upscale laboratory results to nature?
  - ▶ you are mainly an **experimentalist**, will you be able to develop models?
- ▶ What do you mean with anticipate earthquakes?
- ▶ How do you bridge the gap between friction and fluids?

ERC/ML/2021

# Final Evaluation

## PANEL COMMENT

This evaluation report contains the final recommendations and score awarded by the ERC review panel during the second step of the ERC Starting Grant review and the ranking range. The discussion of the panel was conducted within the context of prior reviews submitted by ERC panel members and external referees and the interview with the applicant.

The panel closely examined all the individual review reports and, while not necessarily subscribing to each and every opinion expressed, found that they provide a fair overall assessment. The comments of the individual reviewers are included in this report.

The presentation given by the applicant during the interview and the answers to the questions that were addressed greatly contributed to build the panel's view about the proposal's strengths and weaknesses.

Both the individual reviews and the interview were the basis for the discussion and the final recommendation of the panel.

The panel appreciated the need to improve understanding of the role of fluids in underground deformation and to unravel the degree of fluid control on the different time scales over which deformation processes occur. The proposed laboratory experiments that allow control of the fluid pressure can improve understanding of this problem. The research proposal is comprehensive, comprising fault slip experiments, acoustic imaging, machine learning, and hydromechanical modeling. The work plan is thoughtful and the work packages are reasonably well connected. The project builds on the PI's substantial experience from earlier work and demonstrated technical expertise. The in-situ acoustic monitoring and modeling have the capability of significantly augmenting the value of the laboratory deformation experiments. The panel felt, however, that the proposal provided insufficient detail on individual components. The panel would have liked to see explicit proof of concept for the acoustic imaging and the hydromechanical modeling, and concise statements regarding expected breakthroughs concerning the physical processes involved in deformation under the influence of fluids. The panel was impressed by the interview, in which the PI clearly answered questions, alleviating many of the concerns, although some questions remained as to the feasibility of the laboratory measurements at high frequency and coupling of the different numerical modeling techniques. Overall, the panel recognized the importance of the proposed work and considered the project worthy of support.

The panel therefore recommends the proposal to be retained for funding with a grant not exceeding 1,462,710 Euro.

Dear Applicant,

Thank you for your application for an ERC Starting Grant.

Over 4000 proposals were submitted to this call and the evaluation panels were impressed with the high quality of the projects received.

Having to narrow down the large pool of high quality proposals to the few that we will be able to fund is challenging. I am pleased to inform you that your proposal was ranked at a sufficiently high position to allow it to be funded. I congratulate you on this success. I would like to note that for Host Institutions based in countries in the process of association to Horizon Europe, the funding is conditional to the relevant association agreement having legal effects either through provisional application or entry into force at the time of signature of the grant agreement.

I am confident that this grant will help you to develop your research at the highest possible level and to achieve ground-breaking results in the spirit of the ERC. We hope that just as the review of your proposal relied on the dedication of external reviewers, so we may rely on your help as remote referee in the future, should your particular expertise be needed.

I wish you all the best in your career and future research.

Yours sincerely,



Professor Maria LEPTIN  
President, European Research Council



# Final Evaluation

Reviewer N.1	Excellent Very good Very good
Reviewer N.2	Excellent Excellent Excellent
Reviewer N.3	Exceptional Excellent Exceptional
Reviewer N.4	Exceptional Exceptional Exceptional
Reviewer N.5	Exceptional Excellent Exceptional
Reviewer N.6	Exceptional Exceptional Exceptional
Reviewer N.7	Excellent Exceptional Exceptional
Reviewer N.8	Excellent Exceptional Exceptional
Reviewer N.9	Excellent Exceptional Exceptional
Reviewer N.10	Excellent Excellent Excellent

## Principal Investigator

To what extent has the PI demonstrated the ability to conduct ground-breaking research?

To what extent does the PI provide evidence of creative independent thinking?

To what extent does the PI have the required scientific expertise and capacity to successfully execute the project?

## Comments (Optional for reviewers)

The PI has a **strong and integrated background** in rock physics, fault rock gouge deformation processes, seismic cycling, experimental geophysics, data processing, and the development of both hardware and software. He has focused his efforts on contributing to the understating of earthquakes. The **innovative and creative spirit of the PI** is evidenced in his recognition that human-induced seismic events, may provide a rather unique opportunity to formulate a path toward more direct connection between the experimental to natural environments, with the goal of physical understanding of earthquakes, and earthquake prediction. The PI has **numerous strong collaborations, awards, and widely cited articles** that attest to his ability to recognize and address fundamental challenges in earth science. The PI also has a stated interest in **mentoring future generations of scientists**; evidence of this passion is embodied in the current proposal design.

## Comments (Optional for reviewers)

Dr. Scuderi is a rising "star" in the field of experimental rock physics and laboratory seismology. He not only has an outstanding publication record, with numerous papers in top international journals (e.g. J. Geophys. Res., Nature, Science Advances etc) and **substantial number of publications since his Ph.D.**, but also a very high age-normalized (since PhD) citation index ( $H = \text{ca. } 20$ ;  $H\text{-normalized} \sim 3$ ). Dr. Scuderi is a creative thinker, gifted experimentalist, but also firm in theory and data analysis. This **broad scientific skills set** resulted in his prolific publication record. His more recent "expansion" into Machine Learning and numerical modeling, as documented in this proposal, is sort of his **"natural response" to be able to address the important scientific questions that he poses**. Adding to this portfolio his wide range of collaborators who bring additional expertise and experience into his research efforts, I rate him as an exceptionally capable Principal Investigator from whom we can expect ground-breaking scientific results in the years to come.

## ONE YEAR LATER - **ups** and downs

The ERC gives you the unique opportunity to become an independent researcher and a team leader with the potential of carrying state of the art research.

- ~500k euros to spend in new infrastructures
- Build a competitive research team 4 post-doc and 3 PhD
- Foundings for traveling and present at prestigious conferences

## ONE YEAR LATER - ups and **downs**

How to manage 1.5M euros in Sapienza

### **Bureaucracy, bureaucracy and more bureaucracy!!**

Keeping track of the **finances** and timesheet you must hire an external accountant paid by you on the overhead.

**Purchases:** my ERC foreseen to spend

- ~300k euros for a prototype machine
- ~150k euros for a custom made 3D printer

As of today I still could not spend any of those money even if it is **~6 month** that I am trying to make the first purchase. Sapienza keep changing rules and interpretations to Italian laws so that as of today I had start over the procedure 3 times.

However, I become expert in RUP, CUP, DEC codice appalti ANAC ... instead of reading papers and do research.

### **Build a competitive research group**

- 1) the PI cannot choose the collaborators but there is always a competition to carry:
  - a) very long time to hire someone (~6month)
  - b) unreasonable amount of documentation before and after without a specific office that helps the PI or researcher.

Result: I have lost a few very good researcher

- 2) Extra-UE researchers are basically impossible to hire. To prepare the documentation for a visa it takes ~6 month plus the competition of other ~6 month.

ONE YEAR LATER - ups and **downs**

How to manage 1.5M euros in Sapienza

**Bureaucracy, bureaucracy and more bureaucracy!!**

So far I have become an **expert in law** but I still haven't developed anything related to my project.

Is it the same in other countries or universities?